LOUISVILLE, KY., MONDAY MORNING, OCTOBER 30, 1865.

CALVERT, CIVILL & CO., ATHTO: PUBLISHERS.

OFFICE-PRESS BUILDING. NO. 109, Jefferson Street.

DAILY UNION PRESS.

Mail subscribers, in advance, per year, \$9 00
" 6 months, 5 00
" 3 " 3 00
" 1 " 1 00 By the week-payable to the Carrier-20c

WEEKLY UNION PRESS.

TEN, TWO EXTRA COPIES with a CLUB OF TWENTY.

SPECIAL NOTICE. ALL LETTERS relating to the Subscription, Adversements, or other business with the paper, should be addressed to "The Union Press, No. 109 Jefferson street, Louisville, Ey."

TO CORRESPONDENTS. Communications to the paper should be addres"The Editor of the Union Press, Louisville, Ky,"

No notice will be taken of Anon mous con whatever is intended for insertion must be authenti-cated by the name and address of the writer—not necessarily for publication, but as a guaranty of his good faith.

Advertisements in Weekly Union Press.

Advertisements in Daily Press. &c., 25 cents each insertion.

A RELIC OF THE REBELLION. Letter from Bishop General Polk to Gar-

[From the Detroit Tribune.] worth preserving. The fervent prophesy of the pieus Polk—"Bless God, Old England shall have us, she will have us, and with 12,000,000 amens," did not quite come to pass; but it was owing to no fault of ker, was required by the authorities to con-Polk and his party, except weakness, and no fault of "Old England" but the coward-ice of her Government. There was a

oint purpose.

The copy is accurate, even to the orthog-

DETROIT, October 20, 1865. who have tried to obtain their freedom save and except only we poor three damned cavilers. Mr. Davis, don't you know that no nation ever yet could consent to see and understand, and acknowledge frankly beore God and the world that any more freedom than they had. England thought thus of all the colonies and fought several years to prevent it. The United States is fighting with means and a desperation unknown to Christian nations to prevent twelve or thirteen States (or colonies) from leaving a Government which colonies) from leaving a Government which they never joined permanently and for all time, but which has most speedily become

perience, and utter the fact. You assume the Tyrant's power and tell me what I say is not true. What despotic ruler, or govern-ment on earth does less? Answer me this, you miserable sinner before God, Well may you say that true hearts would join hands with England rather than ever again live with our bitterest inhuman enemies, Yes, bless God, old England shall have us, she will have us, and with twelve millions of "amens," long before we will be again the subjects of Infidel Puritans, Rationalists, and ravishers of our mothers, wives, daughters and sisters! Free government Puritan is the enemy to God, is the enemy to Christ, the enemy to truth; to order, to obedience, and, therefore, the enemy to free, just, and equitable government. None so baind as he who will not see. Black slavery is nothing, and white slavery is nothing; all sink in view of the true cause of present war, the cause is a thousand years old. Meantime look to your United taken New York for him; and the conspiStates Government! When the South is safely anchored in an English harbor and a learn opportunity. Even Grant, the conFrench part where are von? your miserable query of the Southwest, whose banners safely anchored in an English harbor and a their opportunity. Even Grant, the confrence port, where are you? you miserable queror of the Southwest, whose banners had just crowned the hights of Vicksburg,

on your soul. Amen. LEONIDAS POLK. Sent by my midnight angel. OCTOBER.

BY VIRGINIA PERRY.

Lovely month! Beautiful season! In vain may we exhaust our tiny store of epithets to picture the true feelings that nature calls forth. The balmy air, the bright sunshine, the varigated dress of nature, conspire to make us exclaim, the world is indeed beautiful.

years have enabled him to climb. He looks around, surveys his vast fields and large houses, yet at the base sees, of all his possessions, a spot but six feet long. The gay dreams of the past have melted into sober realities—hopes have formed and been gratified—the phantom of pleasure has melted into air, and in their stead is the cherishing of a tender, strong and deep seated antici-pation of that "inheritance incorruptble, undefiled and that fadeth not away."

He reflects on the airy froth of life—on its empty pomps and pleasures. The weary soul recalls the burdened sighs, the groans, soul recalls the burdened sighs, the groans, the tears, the agenies of life, and exclaims, "all is vanity and vexation of spirit."

But the Christian, on this dark review, responds, amid all this, there has been substantial comfort, there have been joys and smiles, and loving words, and with a joyful heart he looks to Heaven and thanks God for the promises of the Gospel, for a hope beyond the grave, and for a Redeemer's love.

Burns, the only man in Gettysburg who took a gun in his hand and had a shot at the rebels, told the writer in the Atl-intic: "Whenever you see the marks of shells and bullets on a house all covered up, and painted and plastered over, that's the house of a rebel sympathiser; but when you see them all preserved and kept in sight, as something to be proud of, that's the house of a true Union man.'—Cin. Com.

Some Chinese Characteristics. [From an article by Sir John Bowring.]

Baron Gros informed me that when the French embassy was going up the Peiho—which, by the way, is not the real name of the river, and only means a river in the north, by which the Tientsing stream is usually designated in the south—an outrage was committed on a French sailor by a Chinaman who was arrested and cona Chinaman, who was arrested and con-demned to death. A deputation waited upon the ambassador from the offender's upon the ambassador from the offender's native village, bringing with them an old man, whom they wished to be hanged instead of him who had committed the offense. They represented that the condemned man was young, that his mother was dependent upon his labor, and would have ro means of support if deprived of her son; that it would be very hard if she were made the victim; and, moreover, it could make no difference to his Excellency (the Minister) whether the old man or the young man were executed. The death of

young man were executed. The death of either would show that punishment would assuredly follow injuries done to the sub-jects of the "Great Man's nation." They were informed that European usages de-manded that the criminal should suffer for the crime. They returned next day to offer "a better bargain" to the ambassador. They brought down two men to suffer in expiation of the offense of one. Surely two

fer "a better bargain" to the ambassador. They brought down two men to suffer in expisition of the offense of one. Surely two Chinamen might be accepted for the wrong committed upon the stranger.

They have manufacturers of false noses in China, but none of false teeth. There are practioners who profess to cure the tooth-ache instantaneously, and people worthy of credit have assured me they succeed in doing so. The works of European dentists are among the most admired examples of the so-called Government. Towards Davis personally, however, I do not believe that Mr. Stephens entertains a single unkind feeling. "His trial," said he, "would do no good." In so tar as the charge of treason was concerned, he was equally guilty with Davis, and so, he added, were thousands beside.

The statement that has gone forth from Fort Warren, to the effect that Mr. Stephens had "complained" of his continued incarceration, while those more bitter than he were liberated, Mr. S. informed me was not correct. worthy of credit have assured me they succeed in doing so. The works of European dentists are among the most admired examples of the skill of foreigners. A mandarin who was anxious to learn something about the making of teeth, once produced to me a box full of artificial noses of various sizes and colors, with which he supplied the defects of his own; he said he used one sort of nose before and another after his meals, and insisted that Chinese after his meals, and insisted that Chinese ingenuity was greater than our own. What, in process of time, will be the action of western civilization on the furthest eastern regions—whether and in what shape we shall make returns for the instruction our forefathers received from thence—is a curious and interesting inquiry—more in-[From the Detroit Tribune.]

I send you a copy of a letter written by General Bishop Leonidas Polk to Hon. Garrett Davis, a United States Senator from Kentucky. in January, 1862, when the fighting Bishop was in command of a rebel army, and Mr. Davis was co-operating with the friends of the Government to put down the rebellion. As a historical morceau it is worth preserving. The fervent prophesy

struct the vessel. no fault of "Old England" but the cowardice of her Government. There was a will, but not, in this case, a way. The bayonets of a million of armed citizens and friends of the United States thwarted the acter. Yet they have arts to us wholly unknown. They give to copper the hardness and sharpness of steel; we cannot imitate some of their brightest colors. They have lately sent us the only natural green which Columbus, Ky., January 28, 1862.
Hon. Garrett Davis, Washington City:
Sir: I have just read your speech on the subject of Mr. Bright's letter. I blush for my manhood when I come to reflect that the tongue—and lips and heart and mind that attered the sentiments in that speech were raised and nourished in a land of God's word—Christ's teachings and free government. How strange you should see and speak so truthfully one moment and the compass, artiflery practice, and other great inventions, from immemorial time. Paper was made from rags long anterior to the Christian era, and promissory notes were used at a still earlier period. The Chinese may be proud of a language and a literature which has existed for thirty centuries, while in Europe there is no literature. and speak so trathfully one moment and the next so fasely—Oh! Vanity—vanity—language now written or spoken which self, self, me and mine! What praise and would have been intelligible seven hundred as you have for all other people years ago. If, then, this singular peoplemore than a third of the whole human race -look down with some contempt on the "outside races," let them not be too harshly

judged, or too precipitately condemned. Gettysburg.

prevent twelve or thirteen States (or colonies) from leaving a Government which they never joined permanently and for all time, but which has most speedily become the most despotic, tyrannical, oppressive and burthensome of any nation within my knowledge.

Now this oppression I feel, know and experience, and utter the fact. You assume the Tyrant's power and tell me what I say is not true. What despotic ruler, or government on earth does less? Answer ment this than Napoleon had at Waterloo. The Army of the Potomac was of nearly the same force, and held a position of remarkable strength. The Southern army, flushed with victory, made confident by the universal paris in Poppersization despisions the with victory, made consident by the universal panic in Pennsylvania, despising the generalship opposed to them, was hurled with fire and perseverance against its old enemy, but the yalor and fortitude of the men, and the tenacity with which Lee insisted upon pushing the attack, only increased the slaughter, and made the reverse the men correlation. daughters and sisters! Free government in the Northern States never was understood—never was appreciated—existed, only increased the slaughter, and made the reverse the more conclusive. Lee's generalship on this field has been, and always will be, most seriously criticised, but it was, permitted to the yoke and burthen, even \$56,000,000 per anxum; and be slandered in public halls by public speakers. The Puritan Infidels succeeded for a time, but went under afterward. Truth—Catholic God reversed their cause. So will he again. The Puritan is the enemy to God is the enemy to God is the enemy to God is the enemy to the control of the stack, only increased the slaughter, and made the reverse the more conclusive. Lee's generalship on this field has been, and always will be, most seriously criticised, but it was, perhaps, as well lought as any of his battles, and he never did anything to entitle him to be classed with the "great captains." He threw his men headlong to bideous slaughter at Malvern Hill, lost his opportunity at Fredericksburg, and would have been annihilated at Chancellorville, if it had not the reverse the slaughter, and made the reverse the more conclusive. Lee's generalship on this field has been, and always will be, most seriously criticised, but it was, perhaps, as well lought as any of his battles, and he never did anything to entitle him to be classed with the "great captains." He threw his men headlong to bideous slaughter at Malvern Hill, lost his opportunity at the puritant had been anyther and the reverse the slaughter, and made the reverse the more conclusive. Lee's generalship on this field has been, and always will be, most seriously criticised, but it was, perhaps and he never did anything to entitle him to be classed with the "great captains." He there was anything the more conclusive. been for Jackson's movement on the left.

been for Jackson's movement on the left.
He had to fight at Gettysburg.
The Army of the Potomac was before him, and would soon be reinforced, while he had his whole force in hand. If he had been the victor there, he would have taken Washington, Philadelphia and Baltimore, and the copperhead rioters would have taken New York for him; and the conspirators of the Northwest would have found. might have lost his base of operations.
France and England would have recognized the Southern Confederacy; and, beyond that, it is not so safe to predict; other than that the result of the war would have been very different from what it is. The loss of the Union army at Gettysburg was about thirty thousand men, of whom five thousand were killed on the spot. Thirty-five hundred and sixty Union soldiers were buried on the field. When we consider the fact, that the rebels acted on the offensive, and were more exposed than the national thets to picture the true feelings that nature calls forth. The balmy air, the bright sunshine, the varigated dress of nature, conspire to make us exclaim, the world is indeed beautiful.

It is a foretaste of a home in heaven—the home of the soul, where, unburdened by its clay tenement, the spirit may roam free and unfettered.

It is emblematical of man's life. It is the third stage in that life—the time when man, strong and healthy, ripened in body, soul and intellect, stands on the mount, forty years have enabled him to climb. He looks

most sweeping slaughter fell upon the troops of Virginia, though every State of the Southern Confederacy was largely represented among the slain; and the soldiers of eighteen loyal States now repose in the cemetery dedicated to their rest in such fit and memorable terms, by Abraham Lincoln. The field of Gettysburg will not be less famous than that of Waterloo, and the interest with which it is invested will endure forever. A writer in the Atlantic Alex II. Stephens.

A correspondent who was present at the interview between the President and Alex. Stephens, writes:

He was received very cordially by the President, whom he thanked in his usual President, whom he thanked in his usual pleasant but dignified way, and a conversation then ensued upon the condition of the country, the President's plan of restoration, and reminiscences of the past. Both gentlemen were perfectly easy and unrestrained in their language and manner, and the interview was as pleasant as if between two old but long estranged friends. In a correspondence with your corres-

between two old but long estranged friends.
In a correspondence with your correspondent, Mr. Stephens said that it was owing to a want of unity throughout the South that their cause was lost.

When a system of the most crushing despotism was inaugurated at Richmond, from that moment the struggle was abandoned, and the Confederacy was left to its fate.

Mr. Stephens was very careful not to mention the name of the rebel President in speaking as above, but it was not difficult to see that there must have been a long estrangement, between them and that the trangement between them, and that the acts of Davis within the last year or more of his administration were in no sense or manner countenanced or supported by the second efficer of the so-called Government.

In a jocular way he said to one of his visitors, "I cannot see why I am confined, while others who took a more active part in the rebellion are daily liberated;" but so far as complaining, he said it never escaped his line. While in close confinement with his lips. While in close continement within the damp walls of the fort, Mr. Stephens fell away considerably; but from the moment he was allowed free exercise out of doors he commenced to gain in flesh, and is now almost as well as at any time within the last six years.

last six years.

I need not tell you that he accepts the sit-I need not tell you that he accepts the situation, for he does so without a murmur, Indeed, those who have judged him harshly throughout the war have judged him wrongly, for, during the whole of its continuance, his heart ever beat warmly toward the old Union. He had, of course, his life-long confirmed notions about the "rights of the States;" but this was more for their own protection than with any view to their own protection than with any view to the disruption of the glorious phalanx as it

then existed.

When overborne by the forrent, however, like many others equally true to the flag, he went with his State, though under a protest which none who have read can ever forget, nor, after reading, doubt the patriotism that inspired it.

Mr. Stephens takes a great interest in the result of the elections in Georgia, and hopes that good and true men will be everywhere chosen. He expects to reach his home at Crawfordsville about the 28th, and will proceed thence via Atlanta.

Representation in Congress--New Plan of Organization Proposed. The Washington correspondent of the York Post writes:

There is a lack of correct information in certain quarterrs respecting the organiza-tion of the House of Representatives. The Clerk of the last Congress elects a Speaker, and it is his duty to prepare an official list of members. He calls this roll when the House meets, and when the election of Speaker takes place he uses this roll. Great power is conferred upon the Clerk, but it

ould not be otherwise.

Mr. McPherson has informed his friends, without reservation, that he will not place upon the official list of members any percide, himself, one of the most important questions before Congress; for to let in eighty Southern members at the outset to vote upon the subject of their own recogniion, would end the controversy in their

favor at once. The uniform practice of the House during the last three years has been not to admit claimants from districts which have been cialmants from districts which have been in rebellion till after the House has pronounced upon their papers. This reverses the practice in ordinary cases, when the person holding regular papers always holds his seat till the House decides against him. Two members from New Orleans participated in the organization of the Thirty-eighth Congress, but the previous Congress had admitted members from those districts, thus acknowledging that they were entitled to representation. Mr. Stevens, of Pennsylvania rose and chiefted to the yote of sylvania, rose and objected to the vote of these members-Messrs, Field and Cottmanbut finally consented to waive the point as their votes could not affect the result. so that even if the previous House had not ad

mitted members from these districts, it could not be quoted as a precedent.

An old and influential member of Congress has submitted to some of his friends a new plan for the settlement of the vexed question of Southern representation in Congress. It is as follows: Let a select committee (a joint committee would be better) be raised, to whom the constitutions of th "reconstructed" rebel States shall be sub-mitted, with all papers bearing upon the This committee shall consider first, whether the State constitution is re publican in form; secondly, whether it is the act of the loyal people of the State over which it is sought to establish it; and, third-ly, whether domestic tranquility is so far tored in such State that its people car

maintain its constitution.

To the House Committee of Elections each individual case would be referred as usual, but said committee will naturally await the report by the select committee from each State.

This proposition meets with considerable favor here, and will not be opposed by the President.

O DOUBLE T.—The Woods, of Lancashire, England, are a distinguished family for character, wealth, and talent. The eldest son, John Wood, was for many years a member of Parliament for Preston. A laughable circumstance once took place upon a trial in Lancashire, where the head of the family, Mr. Wood, senior, was examined as a witness. Upon giving his name (Ottiwell Wood), the Judge, addressing him, said, "Pray, Mr. Wood, how do you spell your name?" The old gentleman replied:

I double U E double L Double U

Double O D;"
upon which the astonished lawyer laid down his pen, saying it was the most ex-traordinary name he had ever met with in his life; and after two or three attempts, de clared that he was unable to record it. The court was convulsed with laughter.

A GERMAN COLONY IN FLORIDA.—Mr. T. D. B. Curtis, one of the oldest and most re-spected American residents of Paris, recently visited the villages of the Black Forest, in Germany, with a view of encouraging and memorable terms, by Abraham Lincoln. The field of Gettysburg will not be less famous than that of Waterloo, and the interest with which it is invested will endure forever. A writer in the Atlantic Monthly, who visited it last summer, says: "Pleuty of rebel knapsacks and haversacks lie rotting upon the ground." Old John Burns, the only man in Gettysburg who took a gun in his hand and had a shot at the rebels, told the writer in the Atlantic: "Whenever you see the marks of shells and bullets on a house all covered up, and painted and plastered over, that's the house of a rebel sympathiser; but when you see them all preserved and kept in sight, as something to be proud of, that's the house of a true Union man."—Cin. Com.

Less Les Edition & Sold and Less In

BOOK TRADE.

BOOK AGENTS ALL! LOOK HERE!

KETTELL'S

NEW AND REVISED HISTORY

AMERICAN REBELLION!

IS JUST OUT, AND AGENTS CAN SOLICIT WITH SAMPLE. It is the War Complete in one Octavo Volume of shout 800 large and closely printed pages, illustrated by forty fine steel plates, bestie maps. Forty thousand copies are aiready e gaged, and by prospectus al. ne. Mullitudes are now waiting for just such a book. It will be by months the earliest One Volume War History is used, and is the chespest of any proposed. Prices, 85-60 and \$5.50. For tarms write ocll-d&w2w No. 111 Main street, Cincinnati, C

EDUCATIONAL.

Robinson Institute FOR YOUNG LADIES.

LEXINGTON, KY. THIS SCHOOL WILL RE CONDUCTED 'RY PROF. Samuel G. Mullins, A. M., who will be aided by a sufficient number of highly competent ladies, and by his sons, W. H. Mullins, M. D., and the Rev. G. G. Mullins, A. M. The very elegant and commodious school property of the Miss Jacksons has been puschased for the permanent use of the Bobinson Institute. The first session will commence on Monday, the 18th of September. Apply for circulars to learn particulars. sel-tif. UNLLARD DAVIS, General Agent. [Journal and Democrat copy 10t and charge this office.]

University of Louisville MEDICAL DEPARTMENT!

THE TWENTY-NINTH SESSION OF THIS SCHOOL will convenee as usual on the first Monday in October deat, and continue four months.

The see for admission for the entire Course of Lectures some hundred and fire dollars, payable in Advance. The Matriculation fee of fire dollars, gives thes tudent the use of the extensive library. The Demonstrator's fee is ten dollars. No charge is made for Lectures at the Hospital. For circulars or further information address G. W. BATLESS, M. D.

UNIVERSITY OF NASHVILLE. MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

K. Winston, M. D., Professor of Materia Medica and edical Juristrudence. WM. T. Briggs, M. D., Professor of Surgical Anatomy John M. Watson, M. D., Professor of Obsteterics and Diseases of Women and Children. Paul, F. Evs., M. D., Professor of Principles and Prac-T. B. BUCHANAN, M. D., Curator of Museum.
V. S. Lindsley, M. D., Demonstrator of Anatomy.
Nashvine, July 15, 1860.

TOBACCO AND CIGARS. PH. HIRSHFELD,

218 Third St., bet. Main and Market, LOUISVILLE, KY.

AND DOMESTIC CIGARS, Pipes, Chewing and Emoking Tob

TOBACGO WAREHOUSE. JAS. B. TURNLEY

PHELPS, CALDWELL & CO. LOUMSVILLE

TOBACCO WAREHOUSE,

Corner Main and Tenth and Main and Elevent Streets, LOUISVILLE, KY. MAYE A PLE BOOM FOR STORAGE AND ALL the facilities for making quick sales and prompt re-

CLAIM AGENCIES. Important to Soldiers and their Families.

PROTECTIVE CLAIM

PENSION AGENCY.

ESTABLISHED BY THE U. S. SANITARY COMMISSION

SOLDIERS AND THE IR FAMILIES ASSISTED IN THE COLLECTION OF PENSIONS, PAY AND BOUNTY, WITHOUT CHARGE TO CLAIMANTS. Office—No. 109 Jefferson street, up stairs, bet. Third and Fourth.

H. H. Burkholder. juit-tf CLAIM AGENT FOR THE U.S. SAN. COM. 160 ACRES OF LAND FOR \$20. A LL UNION SOLDIERS, BY CALLING ON MR.

A F. HAM, at his office, No. 523 Sixth street, Louisvi and pay \$20, will set in return a title to 160 acres of first land, free from taxes for five years.

F. A. CANWELL,

General Agent for Military Homesteads.

BREWERY. AND

WM. PADDON & SON. BREWERS OF PURE XX AND XXX.

Pale, Amber, Stock and Bitter

ALES AND BEER. SPECIAL ATTENTION TO SHIPMENTS. CITY BREWERY SIXTH ST., WEST SIDE, BET. MAIN & WAT LOUISVILLE, KY.

ATTENTION, YOUNG MEN A STHE UNDERSIGNED HAS BEEN ON A VISIT TO Europe he took the opportunity to visit the hospita's AS THE UNDERDOOR.

A Europe he took the opportunity to visit the hospita's of that country, and is now fully prepared to cure all the most difficult cases of Seminal Weakness and other private complaints. All persons addressing the undersigned and enclosing \$1 will receive prompt attention. Address and enclosing \$1 will receive prompt. J. M. RUSNELLS, Do. ton, Mass.

Marcin Duffy, stealing a borse from some to beker to beker to be beker to b

OPTICIAN.



OPTICAL INSTITUTE MAIN STREET, UNDER THE NATIONAL HOTAL E. SINCERE, Optician.



Artificial Eyes Inserted without Causing Pain. Res Spheroidal Glasses set in old frames.

TSpheroit
Classes will be sent to order if it sixty
rominent or sunk, and what length of
poctacles have a use **

**The second of the sec



PRACTICAL & SCIENTIFIC OPTICIAN, S3 Third Street, near Market.

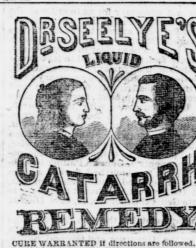
B EGS RESPECTFULLY TO CALLTEE ATTENTION
Of those affected with weak sight to his assortment of
Sectacles, Ere Glasses, etc., amongst which will be
found the celebrated perfected Brayilian Pebble Spectacles. The very great uperiority of the form of Leur used
and the positive advantages to the wearer is the peculiar
property they possess of strengthening and preserving, as
well as assisting the sight; added to which is the unvarying accuracy with which they are fitted to each peculiar
condition of the eye.
A full selection of all kinds of Optical Instruments,
such as Bicroscopes, Telescopes, Barometers, Thermometers, Mathematical and Surveying Instruments, Thermometers, Mathematical and Surveying Instruments, Thermomements for Medical Faculty, Raco, Field, Marine and
Open Glasses always on hand.
Artificial Human Eyes inserted without pain.
New glasses fitted in old frames. 83 Third Street, near Market.

MEDICAL.



It is not necessary to publish a long list of diseases to which the CEDRON BITTERS are a Specific. In all diseases of the STOMACH, BOWELS, LIVER or TRIBARY, in affections of the BRAIN, depending npon derangement of the Stomach or Bowels; in GOUT RHEUMATISM and NEURALGIA, and 2 FEVER and AGUE, it is destined to supersede 1 other remedies. It not only cures these diseases, but has been in rebellion against the Government. To do differently would be to deagainst diseases under the most rying exposure.

PREPARED BY DR. JOHN BULL his Laboratory on 5th Cross Street LOUISVILLE, KY.



Single bottle will last a month-to be used three time

SYMPTOMS.

The Symtoms of Catarrh are at first very slight. Per-sons find they have a cold, then they have frequent attacks, and are more sensitive to the changes of tempera-ture. In this condition, the nese may be dry, or a slight discharge, thin and acrid, afterward thick and adhesive

As the disease becomes chronic, the discharges are increased in quantity and changed in quality; they are now thick and heavy, and are hawked or coughed off. The secretions are offensive, causing a bad breath; the voice thick and nasal; the eyes are weak; the sense of smell essened or destroyed; deafness frequently takes place. Another common and important symptom of Catarrhi hat the person is obliged to clear his throat in the morn ing of a thick or slimy muceus, which has fallen from the nead during the night. When this takes place the person may be sure that his disease is on its way to the lungs and should lose no time in arresting it.

The above are but few of the many Catarrial symptom Write for our pamphlet describing fully all symptoms; i will be sont FERE to any address.

Call for SEELYES CATARRH REMEDY and take no

DR. D. H. SEELYE & CO.,

DR. SEELYE'S

BRONCHIAL SYRUP

GUS, COLDS, BRONCHITIS, SORE THRO.
HOASENESS, AND ISHITATION OF THE
ERO.CHIAL TUBES OR LINAS, TICKLING IN THE THROAT, AND G. OUP. The s'rup is especially beneficial in affections of the Throat and Bronchial Tubes, educed by Catarris, greatly with the remedy. If taken in time it never fails to cur he severest cases of croup.

Being agreeable to the teste, safe for children, speedy in ts offects, giving strength to the voice and lungs, it will on find its way into every family in the land. Price

DR. D. H. SEELYE & CO., SOLE PROPRIETORS, WILSON & PETER, WHOLESALE AGENTS FOR KENTUCKY

WRAPPING PAPER. 2000 BUNDLES RAG AND STRAW WRAPPING Papel—assorted sizes—in store and for sale William CROMEY.

OIL COMPANIES.

THE COLUMBIA OIL COMP'Y Late Brev. Maj. Geo. U. S. V. Late Col. 27th ky. Inf.

of Kentucky. Incorporated by the Legislature of Kentucky, Jan. 1865) BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

Hon. B. S. Coffey, Columbia, Ky.; General J. T. Boyle, Lou sville, Ky.; R. A. Watts, Louisville, Ky.; A. H. Hager, New York; R. Ball, New York; A. G. Story Little Falls, N. Y.; O. Ladue, Little Falls, N. Y. OFFICERS.

Hon. B. S. Ceffey, President; W. A. Klessendorff, Sectary; A. O. Durland, Treasurer. Capital, \$500.000.

(Par Value, Twenty-five Dollars per Share.) CAPITAL.

The Capital Stock of the Company is Five Hundred thousand Dollars, divided into twenty thousand shares it the par value of twenty-five dollars ea h. PROPERTY OF THE COMPANY. The property oweed by the Company, and which constitutes its capital, comprises one thousand nine hundred and forty-four acres of land, it uated near the Cumberland river, in Russell and Wayne counties, Kentucky.

IN FEE SIMPLE,

There are six tracts owned in fee simple, embracing three hundred and thirty-eight acres, situated on Mc-Farland's branch of Cany Fork of Wolf Cre k, near the Camberland river.

There are four tracts of eight hundred and thirty-six acres, situated on Wolf creek and its bra: ches in Russell county, within a short distance of the Cumberland river. There are two tracts of seven hundred and seven y-five acres situated on the Cumberland river and on Otter Creek, Wayne county, Kr., within a few miles of the Cumberland river.

It is the intention of the Company to increase the amount of lands to 2,500 acres, and develop every tract at once. It is the intention of the Company to increase the amount of lands to 2,600 acres, and develop every tract at once.

The lands now owned and held by the Company are confidently believed to present as favorable prospects for large yields of petroleum as those in any section of the State.

They are situated about fourteen miles above the flowing wells on Crocus creek and withing a short distance of a well recently struck near Creeksboro, on the Cumperland river, in Buscell county.

The Company has two wells, one of which is being tested at the depth of one hundred and seventy feet, with a smill but a gradually icreasing yield of oi. The other well is being bored, and has already net with very flattering prospects of suce ss.

The operations of the Company are under the personal supervision of the President, with competent and experienced men as assistants, who have every confidence in the success of their efforts.

There are a number of shares of stock of this Company or sale at—per share, and purchasers are not liable to further assessment.

Apply to the SECRETARY, at the office of J. T. Boyle, No. 7. Hamilton building, corner of Sixth and Main streets, where maps can be seen.

GOV'NT AUCTION SALES.

OFFICE DEPOT COMMISSARY, NASHVILLE,
I will offer for sale at rublic auction at the United
States warehouse, corner Braad and Market streets, in
the city of Nashville, Tenn, on Monday, the 30th day of
October, 1465, the following condemned subsistence stores
and commissary property, viz:
2,827 pounds Dried Apples,
19,847 pounds Oried Apples,
19,847 pounds Oried Apples,
19,848 pounds Oried Apples,
2 Seale Beams,
2 Seale Beams,
2 White Wash Brushes,
2 Tap Borers,
2 Steet Rubbr House,
17 Butcher Steels,
16 Hatchers,
2 Lorn Crusher, October, 1855, the following co and commissary property, viz 22,827 pounds Hominy, 90 362 pounds Dried Apples, 19,847 pounds God Fish, 4,928 boxes Herrins, 2 Scale Beams, 15 Hatches, 25 Tap Borers, 17 Butcher Steels, 2 Stoves, 17 packages old Iron, 12 Platform Scales, 5 Bake Ovens, 17 Butcher Steels, 1 Corn Crusher, 2 Stoves, 1 Corn Crusher, 2 Stoves, 1 Corn Crusher, 1 Corn Crusher, 1 Fackages Scales, 1 Corn Crusher, 1 Co

Aso, at the same time and place, the following subsistence atores, in good order—

182 barrels Rice Flour,
147 barrels Lard,
2,000 pounds Macaroni,
41,091 pounds Corn Starch,
Eale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M.
Terus—Cash in Government funds.
Stores to be removed in mediately after sale at expens of owner.

J. M. BLA14,
cc21 6t.
Captain and C. S. Y.

SALE OF GOVERNMENT BOATS AND BARGES
AT AUCTION.
Quartermaster General's Office, Washington, October The fellowing named boats and barges will be sold at public auction, as follows:
At Evansville, Ind., Tuesday, October 31st, at 10 o'clock
A. M., the steamboat Lue Eaves;
Four Gunwale Barges, and
One wharfboat Ising at that place.
At Cairo, Ills., November 1st and 2d, at 10 o'clock A. M.,
the steamboat "U.S.;"
One Wharfboat, and

One Wharfboat, and About eighty Model, Gunwale and other Bargoa. At St. Louis, Mo., Saturday, November 4th, at 10 o'clock A. M., the steamboate
Autocrat,
D. A. January,
D. A. January,
D. Transfer,
Ad. Hines,
Ad. Hines,
Ad. Hines,
Ad. Hines,
Ad. Hines,
Fairchild*,
One Wrecking Barge—E. M. Ryland—complete;
Wharfboat Dearborne;
Fifty Model Barges, and
Twent* Gunwale and other Barges;
Twent* Gunwale and other Barges;

and appartenances thereunto belonging.

Buly certified and examined vouches for transporta

tion ser-ices will be received as cash at their full face
take, in payment for all property sold; otherwise, terms

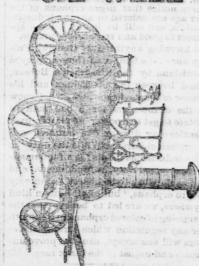
ash. ash.
By order of the Quartermaster General.
LaWIS B. PARSONS,
Brig, Gen. and Q. M.

OIL WELL MACHINERY.

OIL Portable Engines, Boring Tools, Pumps, Tubing, Driv-

ing Pipes, DAVIES & CO., Washington Foundary, corner of Ninth and Main streets

OIL WELL



TOOLS & MACHINERY.

AM MANUVACTURING AND KEEP CONSTANT-ly on hand Portable and Stationery Steam Engines, Boring Tools, and other machinery used in boring for Ct JELIUS BARBAROUX, Hydraulic Foundery

CROCERIES.

JAMES A. FRAZER,

WHOLESALE GROCER AND COMMISSION MERCHANT Nos. 66 and 68 Walnut St.,

Cincinnati, O. OFFRES, TEAS, SUGARS, SIRUPS, SPIORS, &c.
Fish of all kinds and all sizes packages.
Lone continuance in the trade enables me to offer perial indocements to buyers in the state of the continuance in the

GIFTS: GIFTS! 10,000 GIFTS! CALL AND RECEIVE A GIFT!

A, TELLEZ & CO., DEALERS IN AMERICAN AND IMPORTED PATRI-otic, Historical and Miscellaneous Pictures, Photo-graphs, Albums; Oral and Square Gilt, Rosewood and Black Walnut Frames, Sole Ageuts for George E. Pe-rine's and William Sartein's FINE STEEL ENGRAY-INGS.
Ocio-1st

No. 3 East Jeffers en street. PROFESSIONAL.

NO. 166

WARD & SON, ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW

OFFICE: NO. 14 CENTER ST., WEST SIDE, BET. JEFFERSON AND GREEN, oclo 2m. LOUISVILLE, KY.

DRS. SWAN & LARRABEE,

OFFICE-210 THIRD STREET, Between Walnut and Chestaut streets, LOUISVILLE, KY.

T. J. SWAN, J. A. LARBABEE, 436 Preston street. Preston street, near Lion Garden.

Famil'es attended by the year on reasonab's E. RUMSEY WING,

Attorney at Law. W. ILL PRACTICE IN ALL THE CITY AND STATE Courts, Collections will receive prompt attention, Business from the city and throughout the State is respectfully solicited. Office on Center St., opposite Court-house.

REFERENCES: Judge George Robertson, Lexington, Ky.
Gen. John B. Huston.
Gen. Archie Pixon, Henderson, Ky.
Hon. Geo. H. Yeaman, Owensbero, Ky.
Hon. Joshua F. Bell, Danville, Ky.
2022-lm

GIVES SPECIAL ATTENTION TO THE TREATment and cure of syphilitic and Skin Diseas s, Camcer, Scrofina, Ulcers, ague and Fevers and Semalon,
etc. Pest references given. If you are suff ring with
any of the above Diseases. Apply of address him study
office, Jefferson street, Letween Second and third, Louyilla, Ky. 869 ft.

A. M. SIOUT

(Late Col. 17th Regt. Ky. Vol. Inf.) Attorney at Law, LOUISVILLE, KY., TAS RETURNED TO THE PRACTICE OF HIS PRO-1.9 fession, and will practice in all the Federal, Military and State Courts held in the city, and prosecute claims against the United States. Office in the Law Schoo, Mulding in Court Piace near the Court House, juid-tf

COMMISSION MERCHANTS. H. BURKHARDT. Wholesale Grocer

AND COMMISSION MERCHANT,

180 Main St., bet. Fifth and Sixth.

CONSINGMENTS SOLICITED. ABNER COOPER, COMMISSION MERCHANT Butter, Cheese and Western Produce, is. 314, Main, between Third and Baurth str.

(IASH paid for Frathers, Lard, White Boans, Dried Fruits, Giuseng and Beeswar. Ser Orders for any goods in the city woman's filted. mid to J. M. DAVIS & CO.,

Commission Merchants And Wholesale Dealers in G OCERIES, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC LIQUORS, 637 Maiu St., between Sixth and Seventh,

LOUISVILLE, KY. oo27 dtf DORN, BARKHOUSE & CO. GENERAL Commission and Forwarding Mer-

chants, Mo. 429 Main Street, GANTS for different branchs of Plug Tobacco, Tionr.
New and Bourbor Whither size the Champagns and
arkling Catawba Wines.

J. C. RODGERS & CO., GENERAL COMMISSION MERCHANTS. PRODUCE, PROVISIONS, BUTTER, CHERSE, EGG, S BEANS, DRIED FRUITS, Salt and Coal.

No. 220 Main Street, bet. Second and Third LOUISVILLE, KY. Rofer by Permission to E. M. CUNNINGIAM, Cashier First National Bank. J. B. Shith, Vice President Soard of Trade. Dr. D. J. Gairrarns, Examining Surgeon U. S. Array.

GEO. W. WICKS. (Successor to Neck, Wicks & Co.) TOBACCO AGENT Coneral Commission Merchant, No. 315 Mainst., bet. Third and Fourth,

LOUISVILLE, KY.

TARNS, TWING, AND THE PROPERTY OF THE ASTROLOGY. SINGLE LADIES AND GENTS



COLD PENS. OUSVIDE MANUFACTORY.



J. S. HILL. R. C. HILL & CO., jul2-tf 407 Main and 333 Third sts., Louisville, Ky

FLOUR.

John A. Meyer, (SUCCESSOR TO H. FERGUSON & SON,) FLOUR DEALER,

No. 88

FIFTH ST., BET. MAIN AND MARKET. HOPES BY CLOSE ATTENTION TO BUSINESS TO merit the patronage of the public. se25-tf

the perform the great part of Wachington.

sail the Crist par there, said tes Toakinend Itoak

THE DAILY PRESS

OFFICE --- PRESS BUILDING NO. 109 JEFFERSON STREET

LOUISVILLE MONDAY, OCTOBER 30, 1865.

News of the Day.

The Montgomery Mail, of October 20, announces the arrival there of John A. Campbell, late rebel Secretary of War, en route to his home in Alabama.

Mr. Barbour, who has just been elected to Congress in Virginia, is announced to take the stump for the Union cause and candidates in New Jersey.

Mr. A. Desland, father-in-law of General Beauregard and John Slidell, died in Ne Orleans on Thursday of last week, aged 82

Capt. R. B. Winder and a man named James Duncan are still held as prisoners in the Old Capital Prison. It is said that they will be tried for cruelties committed at Andersonville as soon as Wirz is finally disposed of.

The Racine (Wisconsin) Journal says that on the 18th instant the Racine and Mississippi railroad was sold at public auction by the United States marshal, and was bid off by Mr. G. A. Thompson for the sum of \$1,-

The National Lincoln Monument Association announce that the proprietor of the steel engraving of President Lincoln and his Emancipation Proclamation has do-nated the entire proceeds of the sales to the object of building a monument worthy of the martyred hero.

The remains of the Union soldiers who were buried south of the Potomac in 1861 are being exhumed and reintered in the national cemetery at Arlington, under the di-rection of Colonel Luddington, chief quar-termaster of the Department of Washington. Sixty-four have thus been transferred.

An officer of the army, who has made several inspections of the Andersonville prison, reports to the government that the number of persons starved to death at that point exceeds the total killed and wounded of the British in the great battles of the peninsular war and at the battle of New

The newly formed American Christian Commission, designed to take the place of the United States Christian Comm and appointed by the Convention of Evangelical Christians at Cleveland, in Septem ber, held their initial meeting in New York on Wedne-day afternoon, at the rooms of the American and Foreign Missionary Society, Bible House. Chief Justice Chase, Bishop Janes, Jay Cooke, and other disinguished gentlemen were present. They adopted a plan of work, elected George H. Stuart, Esq., of Philadelphia, permanent President, and Judge Chase and Rev. Drs. Kirk and Durble Vice Presidents. The lo-calization of the central office will be determined at their meeting this morning, when Executive Committee will also be ap-

The President has issued a proclamation appointing the first Thursday in December be observed as a day of thanksgiving throughout the country.

An association of capitalists has pur-chased between three and four thousand acres of the coal and mineral lands near Richmond, and commenced to operate them

The Hon, Caleb Cushing leaves for Engand in next Wednesday's steamer, on a special legal mission connected with the State Department of the Government. His business has been kept thus far confidential but it is your clearly suggisted that it tial, but it is very clearly surmised that i claims for damage made by this Govern-ment on Great Britain for the depredations of the Alabama on American commerce.

The complete census of New York City population is 9069. Compared with the incorrect and exaggerated census of 1860, there is p decrease in the aggerate population of 91,100.

Washington. One of the boilders of the steamer St John, which had just arrived from Albany, exploded yesterday morning at New York, killing seven persons and scalding seven-There were about one hundred per-

sons on the boat. The Secretary of State telegraphs to Gov. Johnson, of Ga., that the President will not recognize the people of Georgia as having regained their proper relations with the Government unless the rebel debt is repu-

The Union party has carried West Virginia by a large majority. The Legislature

will be largely Union. Fitz Henry Warren having been nomina ted State Senator in Iowa, will propably re-linquish the office of United States Minister to one of the South American States, to which he has been recently appointed.

Dr. J. Riddle, professor of chemistry in the University of Louisiana, and one of the most eminent chemists in the Southern States, recently died at New Orleans in his 60th year, in consequence of mental agitation arising from the comments of the New Or-leans Picayune upon his opening address on behalf of the executive committee in the organization of the late Democratic Conven-The Picayune says that he had been inclined to apoplexy and had several sud-den fainting fits during last year, and that while greatly agitated and annoyed by the misrepresentation of his remarks and attempting to write a note to the editor of that journal in his vindication, he fainted and died next morning. Dr. Riddle was born in Connecticut at the beginning of this century, and resided in New Orleans for the last thirty years.

Governor Sharkey, the Senator elect for the short term from Mississippi, is well known throughout the country; but his colleague, J. L. Alcorn, elected for the long term, has not been made so prominent by late events, and is not so prominently known outside of his own state. He has really never held environment. really never held any important offices in either state or federal government, but has served several sessions in the legislature. When the war began he was known as a strong Unionist. So positive was he in his views on the subject that, when he finally succumbed to the authority of the rebel-lion, he did not attain any important position, being retarded by the character which he had made as a Unionist. When, howwas called from his retirement and elected the first legislature of the reconstructed State government. On the 20th instant he chosen over Judge Jacob S. Yerker, rebel General S. H. Gholson, and others, for Senator in the United States Congress.

Mexico and Bonaparte

The second volume of the miscellaneous writings of Louis Napoleon contains the following reply of Joseph, the elder brother of the first Napoleon, to a deputation of Mexican Spaniards, who waited upon him about forty years ago, during his majesty's residence at Bordentown, New Jersey, for the purpose of offering to him the throne of Mexico:

I have worn two crowns, and do not feel disposed to wear a third. Nothing could be more flattering than this offer, proceeding as it does from those who denied my au-thority at Madrid whilst I was King of Spain, and who now, when I am in exile, desire me to become Emperor of Mexico. But I do not think the throne which you propose to build up will prove conducive to your prosperity. Every day which I pass on the hospitable soil of the United States convinces me more and more of the excellent fitness of republican institu-tions, as far as the American continent is tions, as far as the American continent is concerned. Preserve, therefore, this most precious blessing of Providence. Put an end to your internal discords. Emulate the example of the United States, and select from the ranks of your fellow-citizens some one, which is more competent than I am, to perform the great part of Washington.

THE DIGNITY DODGE. The Journal is smitten with a surprising

sense of the low rank of newspapers as a medium for Major Generals and Governors to communicate their opinions through. The editor thinks Governor Bramlette will be much too dignified to enter upon a newspaper controversy with Gen. Palmer, and that therefore the public need not expect a reply to the searching and able letter of the General, addressed to this paper in answer to the Governor's criticisms upon his administration. We deem it highly probable that the Journal's anticipations respecting the termination of the controversy where General Palmer's letter leaves it, are sound and will be verified. But we cherish a lively suspicion that the reason given therefor, is not the real, or at least the chief one. The subject of the General's argument, and not its being addressed to the editor of the Union Press, is the prominent obstacle to the farther progress of the discussion, And however much the parties to the discussion may be endowed with, or lacking in dignity, we don't think an editor has the requisite degree of that quality and of respect for his calling who deems the newspaper a degrading arena for such a contest between the very tallest grades of public functionaries: especially in Republican America. The Journal says:

We can but regard it as in exceeding bad taste for the General, after publishing his letter to Secretary Stanton, and creating a necessity for the publication of the Gover-nor's response—both of which were official documents, addressed to the Secretary of War—to address a "rejoinder" to an official document to the "Editors of the Union Press." It looked as if, to say the least of it, he felt worsted in the contest.

Indeed! And when did the Journal man acquire this extreme fastidiousness? And this cringingly humble estimate of the profession? General Palmer found himself already, fully sustained by the Secretary of War. There was no farther occasion for thrusting the question again upon the attention of that overworked official. But it was, and continues important that the people of this State should understand in the most thorough and explicit manner the full purport and motives of the General's policy and the reasons for it furnished by the disordered status of our late slave population. No man certainly is so competent to expound these as General Palmer, And dainty people of such exquisite sense of the proprieties as to be disgusted with his method of doing it, will have to swallow their disgust, or go unenlightened. Plain men of republican habits and average stomachs will be glad to get at the General's exposition of his purposes without giving themselves any nanecessary pain in contemplating the untasteful manner in which the same is presented. It does not sound so immensely large as the writer may have supposed it would, to say that General Palmer "felt worsted in the contest," and that that was the probable reason for addressing a "rejoinder to an official docu-

ment to the Editors of the Union Press." We don't know what the Journal considers being worsted. Gen. Thomas, Secretary Stanton and the President after ample deliberation and the hearing of all objections and protests, including the "official document" aforesaid from Gov. Bramlette, de cided in favor of Gen. Palmer and his pol-We presume the General will be always glad to encounter this particular variety of defeat in any contests that may await him.

Our view of Gov. Bramlette's relation to Our view of Gov. Bramlette's relation to the anti-Palmer movement is about this:

a freedwoman from a house which she had rented, and took from her her child! Truly The Governor allowed himself to be drawn the manner of acquiescing to "the law free into it without any special investigation of the matter. It is obvious from the very true that railroads and stage-coaches refuse Ex-rebel Generals Longstreet and Hood careless statements he makes, and which to transport freedwomen and children—the rrived at Cairo yesterday, en route for General Palmer points out with such uncomfortable directness and perspicuity, that some of the most essential facts bearing upon the case, he had quite neglected to acquaint himself with. No doubt he was and children of colored soldiers, it would have been a dead letter in Kentucky. A equally careless and hasty in every step he took in the case. No doubt he now sees his mistake, and is glad enough to have done with the business. We credit him with entire sincerity in his expressions of personal admiration for General Palmer, and he will doubtless be very willing to drop the dispute as he would a highly calorified potato Possibly he is not averse to witnessing the Journal's antics in endeavoring to cover his retreat with that high-stilted phantom of dignity. He must be amused by it a all events

> Gen. Fullerton, the Louisiana command er, gives notice that negro orphans of the proper age are ordered to acquire industrious habits, and will be bound out as apprentices to good and responsible parties.

Not knowing anything of General Fullerton nor of the temper of those employed in Louisiana by the Freedmen's Bureau. to stand between the black man and his oppressor of whatever sort, we do not know what the chances are for a bad man in that State to get the power of master over apprentice over fifty or one hundred colored orphan children. While the duty "to acquire industrious habits" is a fundamental, yea, a sacred duty, as fundamental and sacred as the duty to be honest, not merely of "negro orphans," but of all human kind everywhere, we are led to believe that the apprenticing of colored orphans in the South inder any regulation which former slaveholders will now accept, can but prove un-

fortunate and unjust to the black race.

REBELLIOUS SIMMERINGS. The Georgia Convention follows the lead of South Carolina in dealing with the ordinance of secession. It repeals the ordinance instead of pronouncing it null and void. The difference is important between the two, and choosing the former in place ever, the work of reconstruction began, he of the latter is an important indication of the temper of the people and of the still deeply cherished conviction that States have a right to secede. The resolution of repeal was passed without debate or dissent. Mr. Joshua Hill gave notice of a motion to reconsider the vote, and to substitute a resolution of nullity for that of repeal. But he subsequently "reconsidered" his own purpose and declined to pre-

> sent his motion. Another significant act of the Convention was a proviso attached to the constitutional clause prohibiting slavery (which also passed at once and unanimously) to the effect that nothing in said clause should be so construed as to invalidate claims of slaveholders against the United States Government for lesses incurred in slave property by emancipation. These appointed by the Immigration Society—of two facts in the proceedings of that body. two facts in the proceedings of that body, distinctly foreshadow the acceptance of the rebel State debt, and other kindred vestiges of treason.

Lamartine is publishing a "Life of Byron" as a feuilleton, in the Constitutionel. Two chapters have already appeared. Remarking on Byron's early years, Lamartine tells that the poet fell in love when a child of eight, and adds that Dante conceives his immoral passion for Beatrice at eleven, and that he himself, Alphonse de Lamartine, was similarly affected at ten

Governor Bramlette Reviewed.

LEBANON, KY., Oct. 24, 1865. EDS. PRESS: Now that the President has sustained Gen. Palmer's policy in Kentucky, over the protest of two or three of that party, which supported the Constitutional Amendment at the late election, it may not be necessary to notice any of the complaints that were filed with the Secretary of War against that General. And yet it may not be uninstructive to examine a few of the assumptions and statements contained in the letter of Goyernor Bramlette to the Secretary of War, of date October 19 1985. An examination of this kind ber 12, 1865. An examination of this kind might possibly show that a more than careful attention to facts, would have prevented the embodiment of several statements is that letter. Of course we are satisfied that Gov. Bramlette would not intentionally mislead the honorable Secretary of War and the President by his statements. But we do protest that he has done it.

Says the Governor:
"Gen. Palmer assumes in his reply that
he has "the confidence of all Union men in the State who are opposed to all concession to or compromise with slavery," and that he "has the full confidence of the colored people of the State." He further assumes that those who oppose his policy wish to support and maintain slavery in the State; which, he asserts, cannot be done under his administration of the military department. "To these remarkable assun.ptions, which

do such gross injustice to myself and those who object to his policy, it is my purpose to respond. There is not and has not been any opposition made in Kentacky to the free dom of the "colored" soldier and his family; if so, it has never come to my knowledge. The law of Congress freeing this class is acquiesced in and obeyed.'

It is hardly possible for us to understand who the Governor calls "Union men." If he styles Garrett Davis and friends "Union men" undoubtedly Gen. Palmer did as-sume too much when he claimed to have the confidence of "all Union men." But if by "Union men," we are to understand that he means those men who supported the national Government on battle-fields, and who sustained the Constitutional Amendment at the last August election,

then General Palmer assumed to state nothing but facts.

That this class of men support him, is proven by the fact that not one of them has as yet joine with Bramlette and Smith in their protestations; that none of them has met and resolved and denounced the com-manding General with the so-called Democratic party; that none of them has filed a complaint against the alleged usurpations of Palmer. It is a pregnant fact, and taken in this connection means much, that, with the exception of the Louisville Journal, not one of these papers in Kentucky which ad vocated the acceptance of the Constitutional Amendment, has advocated the ideas of Bramlette and Smith. On the contrary all of these representatives of the true Unionists of the State strenuously defend the action and policy of Gen. Palmer. It is a fac equally as pregnant that those papers in our State which have been classed as rebel, have oined with Bramlette & Co. in their howl about State laws, State rights, and the execution of an effete slave code. We do not assert too much when we declare that not one of these men in central Kentucky who advocated the cause of freedom prior to our August election, now stands with the few leading spirits who are attempting to restore slavery. Gen. Palmer made markable assumption" in his statement But Gov. Bramlette did make a remarkabl statement when he asserted "that there is not and has not been any opposition made in Kentucky to the freedom" of the families of "colored soldiers." There is and ever has been a persistent effort to prevent the execution of the law of Congress freeing this class of colored persons. Masters have resisted its execution, and the judiciary have by its declaration that the law is unconstitutional elected this resistance. The present tutional, abetted this resistance. The presence of soldiers in many counties have been absolutely necessary for the protection of these freedmen, and the withdrawal of the military has subjected them to supply hard treatment. Names of parties to substanti-

te the assertion can be given.

To-day, in Lebanon, a white master drove ing this class" is remarkable. The Goverr may not know it, but it is neverth passes issued under orders from General Palmer. It is well known that but for the General issuing an order calling attention beautiful way to acquiesce to this law-is it

It is not necessary for us to criticise the Governor's exposition of the "pass system." General Palmer's answer to the first letters of Governor Bramlette and General Smith so exact in fact, and so logical in its conclu sions, that nothing further can be said of it. The system was absolutely necessary to secure the protection of freedwomen and children, and to protect towns and cities from being burdened with these slaves, who had been ejected from their homes. Humanity, as well as equity, required it. From its very inception to the present time prominent Union men approved it as wise, just and proper. In truth, many of the political opponents of General Palmer in Leb-anon, a place to which had flocked a large number of colored women and children urged the Provost Marshal at that place to

execute General Order No. 49, C. S. District of Kentucky.

The statement that the pass system effects the election of Kentucky unfavorably made both by the Governor and General Smith, appears to us decidedly amusing. Look at facts. The pass system was inaugurated in Louisville on May 11th, 1865, and was vigorously enforced up to the time of the August election. The people of the 5th Congressional District, according to the Governor's logic, were incensed—"the popular judgment was inflamed against Gen. Palmer"—and yet that district elected General Rousseau by a tremendous majority to Congress, and the "incensed" city of Louis-ville elected four radical members to the Kentucky Legislature. In the 6th District the pass system was enforced prior to the election, and yet an "incensed" populace returned Gen. Smith, an anti-slavery man, returned Gen. Smith, an anti-slavery man, to Congress. In the 4th District, in which the pass system was not enforced until after the election, a quiet constituency returned Aaron Harding to Congress by a very large majority. If the execution of the pass system would have incurred and inflamed one people as it did those of the 5th and 6th District, we regret that it was not enforced in March, 1865! The fact of the business is, Gov. Bramlette incensed the people by his Gov. Bramlette incensed the people by hi able speeches, in which he pronounced slavery dead, and that, too, in the presence of a large number of attentive colored men. ust as much as Gen. Palmer did by his pass

Our Unionists are glad that Gen. Palmer has been retained in Kentucky. They construe the resolution to mean that President Johnson has determined not to cast off that party which supported him in 1864, and fos ter the so-called Democracy of our State In his decision we read the death of slave ry and we may say the building up and perpetuation of that party which is com-posed of the true Unionists of Kentucky. Yours respectfully, OBSERVER

THE ARKANSAS IMMIGRATION MOVE-MENT.—We had yesterday an interview with Wm. O. Stoddard, Esq., United States Marshal for the Eastern District of Arkan-sas, who is en route for the East in behal of the lately established Immigration Aid Society of that State. Mr. Stoddard bears credentials from Governor Murphy, attest-ing him as Chairman of the Committee should receive a cordial welcome in the East from the friends of the West. His ac-East from the friends of the West. His acquaintance with the lands, both agricultural and mineral, of Arkansas is practical and extensive and his representations will, he trusts, enlist an effective co-operation abroad in the enterprise of transferring much needed capital and labor to Arkansas.

The Russian Government has agreed to exempt from postal charges all statistical publications sent from other countries to the scientific societies of the empire, if transmitted through the rainisty of public instruction.

CITY AND GENERAL NEWS.

The police arrested quite a number of druken men and street corner loafers last night. W. Huff, for driving off another man's horse and wagon was arrested by Officer

Glass yesterday.

tary prison at Lexington are to be immediately discharged. ROBBERY.-Some thieves went through the Phœnix Hotel, in Lexington, Thursday night. They were quite successful, and

escaped without being discovered. PERSONAL.-Major General George H. Thomas arrived in this city Saturday from Washington. He will remain in the city several days.

The trial of the guerrilla Tom Henry the rooms of the Military Commission, No. 20 Main street. Joseph Braner will be before the Poice Court this morning for shooting R. W.

is not seriously hurt. ARRE TED FOR STEALING .- Three negro vomen, Sally Gilky, Amy Young, and Laura Reed, were arrested by officer Lambourne yesterday for stealing \$25 from H. E. Zook.

UNITED STATES COURT.-The case of the United States vs. W. Fethian, charged with attempting to bribe a U.S. Quartermaster, was concluded yesterday. The jury returned a verdict of not guilty. The court then adjourned, having finished all the business of the term.

TESTIMONIAL.-Captain Geo. A. Green chief of United States detectives, was complimented Saturday by his friend C. W. Noves, the great circus man. The token onsisted of a beautiful ebony cane, with a massive gold head, beautifully chased and appropriately let tered by Cook & Goodman,

BOLD UNDERTAKING .- A couple of men dressed in Federal uniform stationed themselves on Jefferson streat, near Sixth, about eleven o'clock Saturday night, and robbed every person passing that way. The alarm was finally given when the police started after them. Quite an exciting chase was had, in which several ineffectual shots were fired, but the thieves finally escaped.

LOUISVILLE THEATER .-- The play of Arrah-na-Pogue has had a very successful run. The theater was crowded every night ast week, and we suppose that the play will continue in popular favor for several nights more. It is to be played again tolight. We are glad to announce that Mr. McDonough will put the Colleen Bawn upon the stage this week.

Wood's THEATER .- Laura Keene comnences the second week of her engagement with the fine local drama of the "Workingmen of New York." This play is well sposen of by the Eastern press, as abounding in rich local hits at the times. An imitation of this play has been presented, but those who know say it does not compare

GONE FROM OUR GAZE .- Billie Barr, who has been engaged as Local on the Journal for several months and who made quite a number of friends in that capacity, has reinquished that position to accept a similar one on the Memphis Appeal. We wish him unbounded prosperity. Mr. Kirby, a clever gentleman, succeeds Mr. Barr on the Journal.

DELIBERATE SUICIDE.-An unkown man who had taken passage for this city on the Major Anderson, Friday, deliberately committed suicide by shooting himself in the mouth with a revolver, the ball penetrating the brain. Deceased was a middle-sized man, with dark hair and whiskers, and was clothed in cassimere pants and vest. Coroner Carey, of Cincinnati, held an inquest on the body, but nothing as to his name, occupation, or place of residence, was discov-

SUDDEN DEATH .- We learn from the Lexngton Observer and Reporter that a negro weman, the slave of Hon. Brutus J. Clay, died at Lexington on Monday last under the following circumstances: The negro, who was very much emaciated, went to the house of Dr. John Henry, on Limestone street, and asked his negro cook to permit her to stay there, which was consented to; but the cook's husband coming in, ordered her to leave, taking her by the arm to lead her out, but, after going a few steps, the woman, from weakness, was compelled to sit down, when she fell over and died in a few minutes.

A GOOD JOKE .- One of the richest jokes of the season occurred Saturday night. Tom Tindell who keeps the "Drama" was the victim. A "crossman," or thief, who had evidently just arrived in the city, and had, perhas, "fixed up a job," walked into the saloon and "twigged" Tom. The thief gave Tom some "slang," which Tom unwittingly answered correctly. In fact, he asked Tom if he would "crack a crib," and Tom answered in the affirmative. This pleased ye thief, who continued the conversation, and Tom, through some ill luck led him to believe that he was on the "lay." After the conversation had been kept up a few minutes, and the thief had enticed our "tumbler juggling" friend out of the house. Tom began to "smell a mice." He informed Henry Green and Mike Wetz of the affair. These officers arrested the nice young man and lodged bim in jail. Tom avers that he will "wield no more slang."

POLICE COURT-Saturday, October 28 .-Rudolph Goeffel, charged with bigamy, waived an examination and gave bail in \$1500 to answer an indictment in the Circuit Court. The following persons were fined for

drunkenness; John Giles \$5; Pat. Burke, \$7. John Galiy, a free negro, setting up a gaming table whereby money was won and lost; bail in \$150 to answer.

James Dozier, carrying concealed a dead-The following persons were fined on ordi-

nance warrants: John Shepler, \$5; Catherine Wyman, \$5; J. Ravanacker, \$5; Henry Young, \$5; C. Metzmeyer, \$10. Thomas R. Hawkins and Richard Carter, stealing a pair of horses from Mrs. Jenkins;

continued until Monday. Pat. Nolan, stealing a pair of pants from David Felthendale; bail in \$500 to answer. Joseph Bruer, shooting B. W. Webb in sudden heat of passion; continued until

NOTICE TO MERCHANTS, SCHOOL COM-MITTEES, ETC.—Wanted, a permanent situation, with moderate compensation, by a single, middle-aged gentleman, partially lame in left side from paralysis, but still active, energetic, and well educated, and of long experience in business-dry goods particularly; employed (until recently) for twelve vears in a first-class store in New York has also had experience as newspaper re-All the prisoners confined in the miliporter, proof-reader, correspondent, and also as teacher of the English branches; is not particular as to location; would go South, in either of the above capacities, or as confidential clerk, bookkeeper, or manager of a store, or to Washington, as amanuensis or private secretary to a member of Congress: prefers a sedentary occupation where writing, or literary duties and men tal labors would be the desiderata, and not great physical activity or endurance.

Address "Inquirer," care Union Pres office, Louisville, Ky., Journeay & Burnham, 144 Atlantic street, Brooklyn. N. Y., will be commenced to-morrow morning at or G. D. V. Rollo, Esq., No. 3 Third street, Cincinnati, O. tf

MARRIAGE LICENSES .- The following marriage licenses were issued by the clerk of the Jefferson County Court from the 21st Webb at a ball last Thursday night. Webb

to the 28th inst.:

H. N. Beard and Virginia McFee.
Wm. L. Murphy and Lucy O. V. Eston.
Milton McGrew and Susan Thomas.
G. L. Jones and Martha A. Ross.
Joseph Getterman and Almira L. Smith.
J. M. Fogie and isse M. Lawronce.
C. A. Brooks and Minnie J. Maddox.
Martin Flaherty and fishia J. O. Carroll.
Francis Mass and Anna E. Wagner.
Leter Beliner and Anna M. Exenther.
Jacob Baker and Mary Perleo.
Jacob Gutak unt and Lena Koorner.
John Gleason and Mary Ryan.
Jacob Funk and Anna McGreber.
J. W. Mosier and Alice Given
Peter Goppet and Mary Schiebel.
G. r. Belland and Masy Schiebel.
G. r. Belland and Masy Schiebel.
G. r. Belland and Masy Chiebel.
G. r. Belland and Roma R. Levans.
Chas. Kafer and Lena Longst. to the 28th inst.:

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.—The tollow ing transfers of real estate were made in the city of Louisville from the 21st to the 28th of October:

Galt House Company to George L. Douglas, 34% by 264 feet on the northwest corner of Second \$46.55 al. House Company to Henning & Speed, 52 by 204 feet on Main street, between kirst and Secorge treafer to G. R. C. Heafer, 415 acres of land Jefferson county

THE PHYSICIAN'S HAND-BOOK OF PRACE TICE.—This favorite annual, prepared for the Profession, by Dr. William Elmer, is published by W. A. Townsend, and the volume for 1866 has already been received by Civill & Calvert. It contains the usual classification of diseases. A ready method in Asphyxia; poisons and their antidotes; table of the pulse; list of incompatibles; medicinal weights and measures; medical abbreviations; index of common names of remedial agents; names and addresses; bills and accounts; daily record of practice and treatment; obstetric calendar; wants and general memoranda; nurses, &c., &c. In neat pocket-book shape. Price \$1 75. d&w-tf

SLAVERY AND SOUTHERN METHODISM. This is the title of a neatly printed pamphlet containing two sermons preached in the Methodist Church, in Newman, Georgia, by the Pastor, Rev. John H. Caldwell, of the Georgia Conference. Our readers have had a taste of these remarkable discourses in the extracts we gave them a short time since. Civill & Calvert have the wo for sale at 25 cents. Printed for the author, and offered at so trifling cost it should have a large sale. d&wtf

New designs in wood and metal, for paper weights. Also, novelties in India Rubber Stationery, as well as fresh supplies of superior ruling pens, glass inkstands, French ink, convenient memorandum books, diaries for 1866, ladies purses, CIVILL & CALVERT'S. &c., &c, at Main, bet. Fourth and Fifth.

(Old No. 431.)

I. O. O. F.-There will be a public celebration of the I. O. O. F. held in Nashville next Thursday. A delegation of Odd Fellows from this city will be in attendance. They leave Wednesday.

Embroidered underwear of all descriptions just received at the Bazaar of Fashion, Fourth street, opposite the Nao26-3t

R. C. Hill & Co. have the largest assortment of Gold Pens in the West. The trade supplied. See advertisement in another column, or call at the manufactory. if

COMMERCIAL NOTE PAPER AND ENVE-LOPES.—Some lines of these at very low CIVILL & CALVERY,

Gold Pens and American Watches at reduced prices, at Hill's manufactory, 407 Main, and 333 Third street.

ONE COD LIVER OIL OF PERFECT PURITY EXISTS .- It is manufactured by John C. Baker & Co., No. 718 Market street, Philadelphia. For eighteen years it has been considered the finest preparation of its kind in the market. Its guarantees are the written testimonials of the most eminent physicians in America. They are open to the

SPECIAL NOTICES.

public at the manufactory. Consumptives and all who suffer from coughs, colds, bronchitis, trachitis, scrofula, or liver disase are invited to try the article. MARRIAGE AND CELIBACY, an Essay of Warning a: d Intruction for Young Men, just published by the Howard Association, and sent in scaled letter envelops free of charge. Address, DR J. SKILLIN HOUGHTON, How

THE BRIDAL CHAMBER, an Essay of Warning and Instruction for Young Men; also, new and reliable treat ment for the Diseases of the Urinary and Sexual Systems Sent free in sealed envelopes. Address Dr. J. Skillin Houghton, Howard Association, Philade'phia, Pa. 002-6w

A CARD TO 'NVALIDS .- A c'ergyman, while residing in South America as a mis ionary, discovered as fe and simple remedy for the cure of Nervous Weakness, Early Decay, Diseases of the Urinary and Seminal Organs, and the whole train of disorders brought on by baneful and victous habits. Great numbers have been already cured by this noble remedy. Prompted by a desire to benefit the afflicted and unfortunate, I will send the recipe for preparing and using this medicine, in a sealed envelope, to any one who needs it, FREE OF CHARGE. Please iuclose a postpaid envelope addressed to yourself. Address JOS. T. INMAN, Station D, Bible House, New York City.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR PLASTERING.
Sealed proposals will be received by the undersigned until the let of November for doing the plastering and farmishing the materials necessary for the repairs now being done on the Louisville Custom House.

A portion of the work to be done is on brick work in the second story of the building, and a portion on studding in the third story.

Bidders will specify the price per yard on brick work, and the price per yard on atudding, and all of the work is to be three seat work of the best workmanship and material. Plans and specifications may be seen at my office in the Custom House. Onstom Hou-e.

Propositions must be indorsed as follows: "Proposal for Pisatering of Louisville Custom Hou-e." and bidder must state the time in which they will agree to complet the work after it shall be ready to receive the plastering EDGAR NEBHAM.

oc24 8t Sup't Repairs Louisville Custom House,

Monday, and bond in \$2000 to answer.

Martin Duffy, stealing a horse from some person unknown; continued until Monday.

SHEETINGS—

100 bales 4-4 Augusta Sheeting; Sheeting; Sheeting; Por sale by Po

DRY COODS.

NEW YORK STORE

BUILDING,

Nos. 109 and 111 Fourth street. Between Market and Jefferson.

HAVING TAKEN THE BUILDING ADJOINING is, and made it a part of our Store, we have increase

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

GOODS!

oportionately, and are now offering superior induca MENTS to purchasers at either wholesale or retail. We offer this week-

50 CASES BEST PRINTS at 25 to 30 cts: 5 CASES YARD WIDE ENGLISH CHINTZ at 35 cts;

OBALES AND CASES BLEACHED AND BROWN COTTONS. We have too many FLANNELS of every kind, quality, color and description, and can say the same of our HOSIERY, GLOVE and UNDERWEAR stock, which we

intend offering to the trade this week at less prices than we ever did before. The handsomest stock of SILKS of all colors and DRESS GOODS of all fashions we are offering at about

New York prices.
CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, JEANS, LINSEYS, &c., for men's, boys' and-servants' wear, together with every description of LADIES' CLOTH CLUAKS, WOOL SHAWLS, KNIT SHAWLS, NUBIAS, SONTAGS. SCARF3, &c. We have a superior stock, and will sell them at LESS PRICES THAN ANYBODY.

S. BARKER & CO.

PROPOSALS. PROPOSALS FOR STILLFOOD.

Office of the Kentucky Bourbon Co. NO. 157 MAIN STREET. TRISCOMPANY WILL COMMENCE THE DISTIL-This COMPANY WILL COMMENCE THE DISTIL-lation of grain on the 5th of December next, and will turn out from their works on the upper part of Main street, ten thousand (9,000) barrels of stillioed (slop) per week, suitable for feeding cattle, hogs, &c. Parties destring to make engagements for such food will pressect on either the undersigned at the Company's office.

LEWIS THENE, cen'l Supt.

CIRCULAR.

H EADQUART RS KENTUCKY VOLUNTEERS, Adjutant General's Office, Frankfort, Ocs. 26, 1865. orn deat, is respectfully invited to the following informaion:

The Legislature of Ket tucky has generously made appropriations to supply Agents to attend to the claims of
our soldiers without expense to them; and all soldiers,
discharged or otherwise, and the legislatures of deceases
soldiers will consult their own interests materially by
emply ying these Agents, who will promptly adjust their
claims with the Government.

Col. Charies D. Pencoaker, Military Agent of Kentucky, residing at Washington City, will pemptly present and realize all claims of the netucky soldiers FAEE of
CHARGE. He is prepayed to furnish blank forms of al-

sent and realize all claims of the nucky soldiers ware of classes. He is prepared to turnish blank forms of all descriptions upon application, and will cheef fully give information as to the proper manne of making out actionate on as to the proper manne of making out actionate on as to the proper manne of making out actionated by applying to min the soldier will save both time and mover; for his office being at Washinston City, he is daily in communication with the Disbursing and Audditing Departments, which enables him at once to remody any deficiency that may arise in their claims. Local Claim Agent, of course, expect compensation for their time and lator, and the soldier, by employing them, in addition to the expense, is employing a remote med unit of communication with the Departments at Washington, necessarily attended with disay. The State has also employed Local Agents at Louisville, Ry., 'cl. John W. Gault and Col. W. De Morrill, who will cheer uily render information and assistance to soldiers having a aims due them by the Government ware. diers having a sime out them by the other of CHARGE.

The U.S. Sanitary Commission, which has been the constant friend of the sidier throughout the rebellen, has catablished a Claim generat Washington, with Local Aceats throughout the different State, and the earnestly invite all soldiers to confide to their Agents the cilection and sattlement of their accounts FRES OF CHARGE. A list of their Agents is Kentucky is hereunts

earnestly invite all soldiers to confide to their Agents or lection and settlement of their accounts *fraz Charge. A list of their agents in Kentucky is hereu attached, and a disers in their vicinity are requested call on them for information, viz.:

E. F. KINNABD, Bow-lung Green, Ky.

JOHN MASON BROWN, Frank-ort, Ky.

H. H. BUKKIJOLE ER, L. ui-ville, Ky.

The soldier is thus furnished with good and relia Agents to en-ble them to husband the means dust they the Government, and they are EARNESTLY solicited employ them without charge.

By older of the Governo: D. W. LINDSEY. Adj't Gen of Kentucky. P. S.—Please post this in a conspicuous place for the benefit of all soldiers. 0c30-10t

AUCTION SALES A UCTION SALE OF GOVERNMENT PROPERTY. We will offer for sale at public auction at the Crittender Jeneral Hospital, corner Fifteenth and Broadway, Louis tille, Ky., on WEDNESDAY, NOVEMBERSTH, 1865, the

BEDDING.

537 Hair Pillows.
69 Hair Mattresses,
1,141 L. & C. Pillow Cases.
573 Shrck Mattresses.
4 Beds, water, 854 Counterpanes, 193 Bed Sacks, 1,593 L. and C. Sheets, 4:0 Musquito Bars, 8 Cushions, rubber. CLOTHING.

1.143 Cotton Shirts, 200 Slippers, 150 pairs Cotton trawers, 1174 Caps, 250 Socks, woolen.

FURNITURE. 5 Cork Screws,
5 Cork Screws,
9 Tin Dippers,
20 Dishes,
6 Fee ing Cups,
2 Flesh korks,
130 Chairs, wooden,
230 Tables, bedside,
2 Refrigera ors,
1,000 Bottles, of all kinds,
12 Tin Stop Buckets,
17 Wash Boards,
20 Shades, 2 Cau'drons, 12 Tin Slop Buc
2 Cleavers, 17 Wash Board
8 Close Stools, 20 Corks—escorted, 4 Door Mats,
8 Oil Cloth Rugs.
And several other articles not hee oin mention
Terms—Cash in Government funds.

By order of Medical Department United States Army, LITTELL & MELBOURNE, Two Magnificent Homesteads

Two Smaller Farms, and a Tract of Wood Land, owned by Heirs, all in same wealthy Neighborhood, to be sold at Commissioner's Sale.

Commissioner's Sale.

I WILL SELL AT AUCTION, NOVEMBER 1573, 1865, commencing at 9 o'clock A. M., at the residence of Elisha McGinnis, late of Owen county, Ind., deceased, all his reality, viz: The splendid improved old Homestead, of 160 acres, best alluvia, soil, brick house, fine barn, etc., on the railroad 2½ mills north of tiosport, on White Tiver, with the largest and best crchard between New Albany and Latiyette, yielding 800 to 1600 bushels linest fruit per annum, "the large and magnificen'ly improved farm of 240 acres, first rate soil, splendid sew house, barn, orchards, etc. Bo it harnes have a profusion of unrivaled timber, stone, water bluegrass, and large beautiful lawas, shaded densely with grand, oid sugar trees, fronting each mansion, with all else seasut all to first class farms. Eeighty acres admining and 89 acres 1½ miles eact of "Homestead," well improved farms, s mills soil, timber, water, etc., and 63 acres level wood land, three miles northeast; I lot in Gosport, and a house lot in Cloverdale, led.

2 crms—Une third down, balance in two equal annual payments, with note scurred by mortgige on the property, with interest, waiving all relief laws Go see the JNO. H. RENO, Commissioner.

REFERENCES—Dr. John Dean, Gosport; Dr. H. G. Dyer, cloverdale.

BY TWEDDLE & FONTAINE.

LARGE SALE

GOVERNMENT AT PUBLIC AUCTION.

COR ACCOUNT OF THE METICAL DEPARTMENT, United States Army, at the Unit d Stat's General despital, at Jeffersonville, Ind., on Thursday morning. Nov. 2d, commencing at 10 o'clock.

11,000 Blankets. 13,000 Liv 5,890 Hair Pillows, 10,000 Liv 2,000 Shuck Mattresses, 2,000 Co 100 Hair Mattresses, 100 M CLOTHING. 13,500 inen & Cotton Sheets 10,600 Liven and Cotton Pil-low cases, 2,000 Counterpanes, 100 Mosquito Ears; 5,000 pairs Cotton Drawers, 2,900 Dressing Gowns, 4,000 Cotton Shirts; FURNITURE, ETC.

URE, ETC.

1,200 Chairs,
1,200 Dressing Basins,
250 Hand Fasins,
1,100 Tea spoons,
1,300 Table Knives,
250 Brooms,
70 Tumblers,
21 Clocks,
545 is daide Tables,
108 Looking Glasses,
14 Caldrons,
15 Tables,
24 Benches,
25 Afficie not bessie 2,500 Iren Bedsteads,
500 Linen Towels,
200 Buckets,
1,800 Table Spons,
1,300 Plates
200 Delf Bowls,
200 Delf Bowls,
60 Candle Sticks,
65 Candle Sticks,
15 Fund: Fars,
15 Fund: Fars,
25 Thernometers, ther with many other articles not herein n Many of the above articles are entirely new and in orig-

NOTICE. THE UNDERSIGNED HAVING BUEN APPINTED administrator of William Burkhardt, deceased, requests all persons having claims against deadent a pre-

TWEDDLE & FONTAINE,

AMUSEMENTS.

Louisville Theater.

MISS LEO HUDSON Acting and Stage Manco r

Second week of J. E. McDONOUGH and SOPHIA GIMBER KUHN. \$3"On Monday evening, Oct. 30, will be presented the

AT BAH NA POGUI; OF, THE WICKLOW WEDDING, ... J. E. McDonough

WOOD'S THEATER.

.. Acting and Stage Manager Second week of Miss LAURA KEENE and HAR-Monday evening, Octob r 30, will be presented the

WORKMEN OF NEW YORK. Martha Savage...... Mies Laura Keene. Matinee Saturday afternoon,

SAVINGS COMPANIES. National Freedman's Savings

Chartered by Congress March 3, 1865.

where sums as small as one dollar will te received and kept safely until required by the depositor.

Office hours from 8 to 9 forenoon; 4 to 6 aft rnoon WM. H. GODDARD.

OF LOUISVILLE, KY. each day.

Persons who may be desirons of investing in this institution on obtain copies of the charter by applying either to Geo. W. Wicks or Wm. Cromey.

There will be an election for a Board of Directors of said institution on Saturday morning, ecober 2th, at 11 o'clock, in the Ladies' Parior of the Masonic Temple, (entrance on Jefferson street.

New Supplies.

CUBAN PICTURES. SQUIBOB PAPERS.

MARGARET AND HER BRIDESMAID. WEST ON CHILDREN. REVEGIES OF A BACHELOR. (In vellum.) DREAM LIFE. (In vellum.) POCKET MAP OF KENTUCKY. POCKET MAP OF TENNESSEE.

POCKET MAP OF THE SOUTHERN STATES. CIVILL CALVERT,

JEWELRY.

CONSTANTLY ON HAND AT

(Successors to J. J. Hirschbuhl,) No. 82 Main St., one door above Third. MASONIC REGALIES, LODGE, CHAPTER AND other Masonic Jewels; also a large assortment of Pistols and Military Goods.

Watches, Clocks, Jeweiry and Music Boxes carefully epaired and warranted.

oc20-ly

DISSOLUTION.

Dissolution of Copartnership. corred on the 12th inst. The survivor, hency burnary occuping the business from and after September 20th, 1865, in his own name, and as surviving partner will close up the business of the late firm, at the same house they occupied on Main street, between Fith and Sixth.

HENRY BURKHAEDT.

Lonisville, Ky., Sept. 21-t, 18-5.

WANTED-AL! YOUNG MEN-WISHING TO BE BYANT, STATED AL! YOUNG MEN-WISHING TO BE BYANT, STATED A : 4 claim's Louisville and Cincinnati College. These are the best and largest in the country, white for College monthly, which will be rent tree. *20-6

OIL WELL

MACHINERY.

AINSLIE, COCHRAN & CO... Louisville Foundery and Machine

Corner of Main and Tenth Streets. LOUISVILLE, KY.,

Portable and Stationary Steam Engines. oil Well Tools and Rig complete, Cordage and Belting. Bellows and Smith-Shop Tools.

Bolle's Patent Flush-Joint Cast Iron Driving-Pipe.

We have arrangements with parties who are faily com-petent, to erect the machinery, drill the wells and repair the tools, so that we can fu nish any party with such men at moderate wares.

JOB WORK. PRINTING & BINDING

MERCHANTS AND OTHER ulting any description of Printing or Binding of se give us a call.

CIVILL & CALVER'S

Publishara, Printers, Stationers, Binders sa 431 Main Street, het, Faurth and Fifth

Matinee on Saturday at 21/2 o'clock.

Private Boxes, \$5; Second Tier, 40c.

TRUST COMPANY.

A branch of the above Institution has been opened in this city, at the headquarters of Mejor General Palmer. n Waltut, between Third and Fourth streets. A safe place of deposit is now offered to the Freedmen

ocie-tf Cashier. Masonic Savings' Institution

BOOKS FOR THE SUBSCRIPTION OF STOCK IN this inattution will be opened at the counting room of Geo. W. Wicks, No. (62 Main street, between Third and Fourth streets, on Thursday and Friday, the 25th and 27th of this month (October), from 9 o'clock to 12 in the forenoon and from 3 o'clock to 5 in the afternoon of each day.

Louisville, Kr., Oct 23, 1885.

J. M. S. McCORKLE,
A. G. H. DGES,
commissioner

THE BOOK TRADE. NEW BOOKS

ARTEMUS WARD. (New volume.) HESPERUS OF J. PAUL RICHTER. ENOCH ARDEN, (Blue and gold.) AUTOCRAT OF THE BREAKFAST TABLE. (Blue and gold.)

oc4-tf 431 MAIN S EET, bet, Fourth and Fifth

WATCHES, JEWELRY, CLOCKS

Dickel & Hooge,

THE FIRM OF W. & H. BURKHARDT IS DISSOLV-ed by the death of William Burkhardt, which oc-curred on the 12th inst. The survivor, Henry Burkhardt, continues the business from and after September 20th,

WANTED.

MACHINERY

Shop.

Manufacture and keep constantly on hand

Oil Well Tubing, Oil Pumps, &c. We have the sole right for this city to manufact

All information given and orders promptly attended to.

OF EVERY DISCRIPTION DONE IN THE NEATEST

If you want anything, if you have anything to sell, If you want Poarders, If you have Lost anything, If you have Found anything,

Well Ten Thousand People at Once by

Advertising in the Daily Press.

CANDIDATE. H. M. McCARTY respectfully announces himself to the members of the Kentucky State Legislature as a candidate for re-election to the office of State Binder. 867-16

WANTED.

WANTED-A SITUATION-AS ID TOR ON A leading Union paper in some Southern city by a gentlemen of ten years' processional experience, who can bring the most satisfactory recommedations from many of the leading mon of the nation respecting his ability as a writer and journalist. Address "E. L. C.," Drawer 158, Louisville, Ky.

WANTED.—YOUNG MEN OF LOUISVILLE TO know that Bryant, Stratton & Bellan's Louisville and Cincinnati Business and Telegraph Colleges are to Largest and sest in America. None but the best teachers employed. Any person sending the names of twelve young nea or soldiers who have not attended a commercial college will receive magnificer specimen's of Deltan's writing. Young men write to-day,

A GENTS TO CANVASS KENTUCKY AND TENNES.

SEE for the Great New Work, "PATROLEUM V.

NASBY PAPERS," published by R. W. Carrett & Co.

This book must have a larger crounation than any book
ever sold by subscription, owing to its originality and
humor. There is no similar work in the field, so that
agents will find this a glorious opportunity, if they embrace it soon. The work is printed, engraved, and
bound in the highest style of art, and contains 450 pages
of well-written matter. Applican's will state experience. They may either send for circulars, or, if they
wish to commence at once, inclose \$1.25 for order-book
and \$25 for sample copy. We give the highest terms of
any house in America. No charges for boxes and exclusive rights given as to territ. The Matter of the contains the c

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE-FARM.—I HAVE FOR SALE 159 ACRES of land in Bu litt county, near Pitts' Point, on Sastriver, being part of the farm cailed Meadow Dale, formerly belonging to Bichard Tydings, Eq. About 30 acres of the land is cleared, and the balance is in wood. I will sell the place cheap a d on easy terms. One-fifth cash; balance payable in five years.

EDGAR NEEDHAM.

Fire Engines for Sale. BY DIRECTI N OF THE GENERAL COUNCIL, I will sell four hand fire engines and two hose carriages, belonging to the city. For terms, etc., call at my office.

NOR SA: E-LAND.—NAME ACRES OF BEAUTIFUL Fland, well improved, on Twenty-ixth street, between Main street and the Portland Bailway. Also, 3% acres, with 'rame cottage upon it, one square south, and 2

with rame cottage upon it, one square south, and squares west of same. Aprly at the Drug Store, corner Seventh and Market streets. BENJ, F. ALFOED. A. each, four rooms and servants rooms on Chestnut, be tween Second and Third streets. Appy to FEANK CAR TEB, or D. S. BENEDICT & SONS. feb28-tf

EOARDING.

BOARDING.—TWO FINE UNFURNISHED ROOMS can be had with board in a quiet and agreeable neighborhood, and within 2½ squares of the part office. Two gentlemen with wives will find the contorts of a home at moderate prices, by ceiling at No 18 East street, near Green A few single sentlemen can also be accommodated with board, by day or week.

FOUND.

TOUND-POCKET-BOOK -ON THE NIGHT OF THE HIgh of October, on Main street, between Clay and Buchanan, on the street care a pocket-book, with some mone, and paper, which the owner can have by calling on meand proving property and paying for advertising. HIGH STAFFORD, No 572 Main street.

LOST.

OST-CHILD.—ABOUT TEN DAYS AGO A LIKELY Butle black boy, named Peter, nearly dressed, and also quite handsome in apparance. He was ast seen in the vicinity of First and Green streets, white passing through the city. His mother is now living with Dr. Waller, in Shelbyville Ky. A librar a reward will be paid for his delivery to J. W. Shockeney, Second street, between Market and Jefferson, Louisville Ky. se22-II

MAGAZINE.

GODEY'S LADY'S BOOK FOR 1886.

THE

Fashion Magazine of the World

ITERATURE, FINE ARTS AND FASHIONS. THE

The Ladies' Favorite for 36 Years.

No Magerine has been able to compete with it. None

GODEY'S RECEIPTS for every department of a household. These alone are worth the price of the Book. MODEL COTTAGES, (no other Magazine gives them) DRAWING LESSONS FOR THE YOUNG. Another speciality with: odes.

ORIGINAL MUSIC, worth \$3 a year. Other Magazines published and worn-out music; but the subscribers to Godey get it before the music stores.

GARDENING FOR LADIES. Another peculiarity i.h Godey.

Fashions from Messrs. A. T. Stewart & Co, of New ork, the millionaire merchants, appear in Godey, the on-Nork, the militonaire merchants, appear in Godey, the on-ly Blasar ne that has them. Ladies Bonnets. We give more of them in a year than any other Magasthe. In fact, the Lady's Book enables every lady to be her own bonnet maker.

MARION HARLAND,

Authoreus of "Alone," "Hidden Path," "Moss Side, "Nemose," and "Mirium, writes for Godey each month, and for no other magazine A new novel by her will be published in 1866. We have also retained all our old and favorite contributors.

TERMS OF

Godey's Lady's Book for 1866.

(From which there can be no deviation.) The following are the terms of the Lady's Book for 1866 Two copies, one year.....

paper.
The money must all be sent at one time for any OF THE CLUBS.

Canada subscribers must send 24 cents additional for each subscriber.

Addres L. A. GODEY, N. E. corner Sixth and Chestnut streets,

LOUISVILLE CARBON AND COAL OIL WORKS

ESTABLIS HED 1861. WM. SKE NE & CO.

OFFICE-BULLITT STREET, BE TWEEN MAIN AND RIVER. WE ARE PREPARED TO SUPPLY THE TRADE any quantity. Highest price paid for good Crude Pe

CRUDE PE TROLEUM For sale would do well to give us a call, as we can increase

THREE HUNDRED of the trade should require it. Lubricating oil and Ben

CLAIM

CLAIM A GENTS.

A DJUST AND SETTLE ALL OFFICERS', QUARTER
A tract surgeons', Medical Returns and Accounts, and
Calley growing out of the precipt War of the Rebel
messer or Commissionry purpose, as well as every one
all ingelines before the General Land Office duly stee

All ingelines before the General Land Office duly stee
All property of the Service of Supplies by the Army, for Quarte
are kind of Claims, prepared and collected.

Call Commissionry references given if
Differ all Linia Street, the

EVERYBODY TAKE NOTICE! THE DAILY PRESS

The Press is the Official Paper of the United States for the State of Kentucky and the Southern portion of Indiana and Ohio.

A WORD TO ADVERTISERS.

Our circulation is rapidly increasing, which renders the Press one of the best divertising mediums in the State. We tope our friends will send in their advertisements.

GIR AGENTA.

8. Salm, Troy, Ind.
Samuel Edand, Postmaster, Hopkinsville, Ky.
S., 22. Petingui & Co., Park Row, Now York
D. G. Yonable, Frankfort, Ky.
J. S. Bean, Bowling Groen, Ky.
Thomas Poardman, New Albany,
Peaslee & Co., New York, Beskman streek,
Dr. J. J. Polk, Perryville, Ky.

THE UNION PRESS IN JEFFERSON-VILLE.

Our former agent, Mr. Sternberg, has die posed of his business to C. H. Paddock, whose headquarters are A. Carr's store, southeas corner of Sprisg and Front streets. Mr. Paddock is a reliable and responsible gentleman, and having preven himself a good soldier o the Republic deserves the encouragement which he will doubtless receive from our trans-

By referring to the printed terms on our first page, it will be seen that we have reduced the price to both city and mail subscribers.

Mail, one year.\$9 00 MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS.

REMOVAL.

HAVE REMOVED MY MUSIC STORE FROM Fourth to Nos. 92 and 91, south side of JEFFER SON STREET, BETWEEN THIRD AND FOURTH, third door below Third Street, where I hope to see all of my old friends and patrons, and make

LOUIS TRIPP.

(Late TRIPP & CRACO,) LOUISVILLE, October 21, 1865.

FURNISHING COODS.

GREAT OPENING

Ludies' Furs! Gents' Furs!

Child'n's Furs! Complete Stock!

Bought Early! Low Figures!

Genuine Goods! Real Names!

Purest Qualities!

GREEN & GREEN

They were purchased in the opening of the season, and at prices

33 PER CENT.

BELOW PRESENT FIGURES.

MILLS.

High Street Planing Mill

MUNROE & HATCH.

HAVE CONSTANTLY ON HAND FL'OBING
Weather Boarding, Pine and Poplar Joist and Scantling, and Building Material generally. Sawing, Resolitting, Plaining, etc., done promptly. Also Door,
Sashes and Blinds made to order, together with all kinds
of Tobacco and other boxes. Orders solicited. Postonic
ox 527. High street near Twelith.

SIRUPS—
50 barrels assorted Sirups;
50 keys Sirups;
In store and for sale by
180 Main, bet, Fiith and Sixth street

WORKS.

Corner of Sixteenth and High Streets.

WITH A SUPERIOR QUALITY OF REFINED OIL IN troleum. Persons having

BARRELS PER DAY zine always on hand.

ACENCY. C. L. RAD WAY & CO.,

BY TELEGRAPH.

REGULAR MIDNIGHT REPORT.

Boiler Explosion on a Steamer at New York.

Seven Persons Killed and Fifteen

Murder and Robbery in Baltimore

Union Triumph in West Virginia.

President's Dispatch to Governor Johnson, of Georgia.

The Convention Must Repudiate the Rebel Debt.

From Mexico-Siege of Matamoras

Russian Telegraph Expedition. Last Accounts of the Shenandoah.

Terrible Disaster -- Boile: Explosion on a Steamer -- Seven Persons Killed and Fif-

NEW YORK, Oct. 29 .- This morning at about 5.45 A. M., while abreast of Twenti-eth street, North river, the port boiler of the steamer St. John, from Albany, explo-ded. Seven persons were killed, seventeen ded. Seven persons were killed, seventeen scalded, and one missing. There were only about one hundred persons aboard, so that the casualties are not so great as they would have been during the summer. At the time of the accident the engine was making thirteen revolutions per minute and carrying a pressure of steam varying from twenty-six to twenty-eight pounds, and is licensed for thirty-five; but the safe-ty valves are weighted at thirty-three pounds. None of the engineers can ac-count for the explosion and regard it as very mysterious, which can only be solved by a thorough investigation. At the time of the explosion there were two firemen in the boiler room, one of them, a Frenchman jumped overboard and swam for shore, but it is supposed that he was drowned; the other escaped. The steam, owing to the position and character of the explosion, did not affect the main deck so much as the main saloon deck. One of the deck-hands was severely burned on the lower deck. The rent in the boiler, which is fortunately

located on the guard, is about six feet long and three feet deep, leaving an opening into which three or four men could very easily The whole of the upper edge of the sheet is torn off; the aperture is on a level with the saloon deck, and when the explosion occurred, the steam was followed by tuns of scalding water, which passed through several state rooms, and rolling in a torrent across the deck, entered the state rooms on the opposite side, and in a few seconds the boiling water was at least five inches deep boiling water on the floor.

on the floor.

The explosion also tore up the hurricane deck, making splinters for a long distance around the gallery, and the state rooms over those that were destroyed below were terribly shattered. The large pillar in the center of the saloon is perforated with a large piece of iron. large piece of iron.
The rooms, one hundred and twenty-six

in the main saloon, and forty-two in the gallery on the opposite of the saloon, and over twenty feet from the place of the ex-plosion are shattered and drenched with water. Mr. Hints, baggage master, narrowly es-

caped death. The steam forced the bulk-head of his room inward several inches. There were numerous yery narrow es-As soon as the accident happened the ferryboat Morristown went to the assistance

of the St. John, and after some delay she was brought to her berth, pier 41, North Medical assistance was immediately secured. Captain Peck and Mr. Colgrove, the clerk, and all attaches of the boat did everything in their power to alleviate the sufferings of the unfortunate. As soon as she came to the dock the police took possession and kept off the throng. The scene on board was sad. Forward, near the engine room bulk-head, lay the dead. First a mother and her two children, next a mother and child, whose husband and father lay at the other end of the saloon suffering tortues inexpressible; next a mother and wife, and by her head sat her husband and their child. He had gone out COR. MAIN AND FOURTH STS.,

Are in receipt of their fall stock of

Ladies', Gents' & Children's Furs

husband and their child. He had gone out of their room just before the explosion occurred. A man also lay in this group. The following are their names: — Brooks, of New York, Mrs. Wallaber and two children, of Albany, Mrs. Arehambly and child, of Albany, Mrs. Julia E. Reynolds, of Brooklyn. Mr. and Mrs. Archambly and child occupied room 123. The others occupied room in the other occupied room in the occupied room in the other occupied room in the occup rooms immediately over these. The scalded were disposed of in another part of the

saloon, and in two staterooms near by 16 lay grouped around. The following are their names:

Mr. Tearle and baggage; Mr. Can, scarce ly alive; Mr. Archambly severely; F. Lyons and wife, Yorkville, severely; Mr. Lyons can hardly recover; S. W. Northrup of Albany, severely; L. Leaver of Batavia, slightly; J. F. Cunningham of New York, his wife and two little daughters had all their feet terribly scalded; C. E. Saulspaugh of Rome, and wife, feet badly scalded; Mr, Cogle of Albany, slightly; H. Dudly of Brooklyn, slightly; Mr. Caldwell of Albany, slightly; Enderson, of steamer St. John, scalded; Mary McDonald, of steamer St. John, scalded in feet.

Dry Good Market.

NEW YORK, Oct. 29 .- The following are ne jobbers prices in this city to-day:
Brown cotton—Standard sheeting, 351/3; leached cottons 44%.
Prints—Merrimac 32; American 29; Arolds' striped York 46; Easton 33; Albany

5; Amoskeag 42½. Jeans—Orchard 32½; Lemstown 33½. Drills—Brown's 38; Globe 31. Canton Flannels—Pemberton bleached 2½; Hamilton X F 45; Kentucky jeans

Cambrics—Rodman's 67½. Cassimers—Evans' silk mixed 2 25. Delaines-Pacific 25; Hamilton 35.

Spool cotton—Coats 11. Hoopskirts—Duplex elliptic 25, 30, 35, 40, 5, 50 per dozen. The following dispatches have been bul letined to-day:
BALTIMORE, Oct. 28.—Our market inactive but unchanged. St. Louis, Oct. 28.—Trade fair yesterday, and weather turning cold.
PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 28 —Market for cot-

ton goods unchanged and rather quiet, wool-From Cairo---Longstreet and Hood en route to Washington. CAIRO, October 29.—Nine hundred and seventy bales of cotton passed for St. Louis,

and fity for Evansyille.

Generals Longstreet and Hood arrived from New Orleans, en route for Wash-The President .- Gov. Johnson of Georgia

-Rebel Debt must be Repudiated.

WASHINGTON, Oct. 29.—The following is the last communication, dated Washington, October 28, 1865, transmitted to James J. Johnson, Provisional Governor of Georgia, at Milledgeville; Your several telegrams have been received. The President of the United States cannot recognize the people of any State as having resumed the relations or loyalty to the Union that admits as legal obligations contracted or debts created in their name to promote the war of the rebellion.

Heavy Gale.

Ft. Monroe, Oct. 29.—The steamer Victor, from New York the 21st. for New Orleans, was towed into Hampton Roads to-day by the steamship Alabama. She encountered a terriffic gale, from the 24th to the 27th, broke her rudder chain, and shipped her cargo. Her boilers and engines were disabled, and she is leaking badly. The crew are exhausted. The Alabama spoke the brig C. W. Reeves, from Galveston to Liverpool with cotton, dismasted 400 miles south of Charleston on the 25th.

From San Francisco--The Russian Tele-graph Expedition--The Pirate Shenan-doah.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 23.—Sailed—steam John Stephens, for northwestern Mexican ports, with a cargo valued at \$160,000, including \$50,000 worth of mining machinery for the Sonora and Sinola mines.

The bark Palmetto arrived to-day from Plover Bay September 23d. The steamer George S. Wright, with Colonel Buckley and party, comprising the Russian Tele-graph Expedition, was at Plover Bay when he Palmetto left. Winter was fast coming on, with long nights and little sunshine. The exploration developed the fact that the Knichpeak river is the same as Yankeen, navigable for small steamers to the English fort.

English fort.

Grant Harbor was selected for landing the cable on the American side. It is a safe harbor, with a hard bettom. There is no timber in that region. The country is rolling but not rectaggi ing but not rough. Col. B. scudded across Behring's straits to St. Lawrence Bay. The soundings were favorable all the way across. The bottom was mud, and ground fee was first discovered off St. Lawrence. The bay was not favorable for laying the cable, being

shallow and exposed to sea gales.

Mechim Bay was found full of ice.

Pacscage Bay presented a good bottom, and seemed suitable for laying the cable.

The Asiatic side is more mountainous than the American, and endrely destitute of timber. The ground is thawed about 19 of timber. The ground is thawed about 30 inches. The Indians on both sides are friendly, and promise to be useful. The Russians had done everything possible to further the auteursities.

Russians had done everything possible to further the enterprise.

The steamer with Col. B. will return to San Francisco in November.

Prof. Kennical, with an exploring party of twelve men, left Fort St. Nicholas. At the mouth of Knichpeak, a small propeller left with him to explore Yankeen.

Arrived this morning the steamer Colorado, from Panama.

The Palmetto arrived vesterday from

The Palmetto arrived yesterday from Plover Bay, September 21, and reports the capture of twenty-four whalers by the Shenandoah, which had been heard of at that port. All the names included in the list have been heretofore telegraphed.

The last seen of the Shenandoah was by the ship Victoria, in the early part of July, when she was steering south under full sail. During her operations she passed through Behring's Straits to East Cape, where she burned nine whalers, presumed to be part of the twenty-four whose names are reported by the Palmetto. have been heretofore telegraphed.

From Washington --- Notables --- Sale of Government Property--Patents, New York, October 29.—The Herald's Washington dispatch says: Gov. Pierpont, Judge Daily, S. B. Maxford, C. K. Tuckerman, and other notables, are at Willard's. Judge Cooley, Commissioner of Indian Affairs, started for New York City last evening, to be absent for several days.

Assistant Postmaster General Alex. Randall is expected back from the West Mondall is expected by the West Mondall

dall is expected back from the West Monday next. Lieutenant Colonel W. J. Howell, of General Ingall's staff, was to-day commissioned Quartermaster in the regular army,

with rank of Captain.
Captain George H. Butler has been appointed Special Treasury Agent at Panama, pointed Special Treasury Agent at Panama, vice John E. Simonton, who resigned his appointment, to date from Nov. 1st.

Mr. Baren, appointed pension agent at Philadelphia, in place of Mr. Paulsen, received his commision to-day.

Generals Grant and Schofield, and ex-Mayor John Wentworth, of Chicago, were accorded an interview with the President this forenoon. Sveral others were in attendance who had to wait the ordinary efter-

dance, who had to wait the ordinary after-The Navy Department is already in re-ceipt of a number of letters from officers recently mustered out, tendering their ser-

vices in case vessels were to be put in commission and dispatched for service.

The sales of the buildings of the Commissary and Quartermaster's Departments are going on briskly, and brining considerable revenue to the Government. For instance, about three thousand dollars' worth of lum-ber, in form of buildings, was got rid of yesterday under Colonel Bell's direction. The Quartermaster's Department has a considerable amount of property, in camp equippage and wagons, relics of Grant's

ditional member, required to make up the Board of Appeals in the Patent Bureau. It is said that the President has already signifiad that the appointee has been designated, but as yet nothing has transpired to discover who the individual is. One hundred and ninteen patents will be issued by the Patent Department on Tuesday next, and

about the same number that day one week. From Nexico-Seige of Matamoras-No Attack Yet Made.

NEW ORLEANS, Oct. 29 .- Matamoras advices to the 21st are received. No serious assault has been made yet. Mejia has fifteen hundred effective men inside, and several hundred well armed and disciplined citizens besides, mostly foreign-

Cortinas is in Brownsville, and is said to have given up the command of the Liberal force because he was not allowed to lead the assault.

The Liberals, about two thousand strong, under Escafada and Mejia, have an iron gunboat patrolling the river above and be-

ow Matamoras. Firing was heard at Brazos on the 22d. doubtless it was the gunboat practicing with her guns. No apprehension is entertained in Matamoras of the fall of the city. Canals is at Mier, levying heavy confributions, committing numberless outrages, ordering those merchants who owe money to the citizens of Matamoras pay the debt to him, or he would burn their houses. The Matamors Monitor has advices from

Belgium, stating that six thousand volunteers are coming thence for the imperialists. Letter from Bishop Davis, of South Car-

NEW YORK, Oct. 29 .- The Buenos Ayres

NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—The Buenos Ayres Standard, of the 20th of October, says: We have just learned, on the highest authority, that America's flag was not outraged at Bella Vistar, and that the Paraguayans respected property which was protected by the "stars and stripes."

Bishop Davis, of the Episcopal Church in South Carolina, has addressed a letter to his clergy and lay people on the subject of the proposed reunion of the Northern and Southern branches of that denomination. He maintains that owing to political events ecclesiastical divisions were unavoidable, ecclesiastical divisions were unavoidable and is in favor of continuing separate, but is willing to submit to the decision of the General Convention of the Church South, which is to assemble in Mobile during next

month. A Georgia journal says that many of the A Georgia journal says that many of the leading Methodist clergymen of that State, in consequence of their hostility to their Northern brethren, have made overtures to the Episcopal Church for a reunion with

Vessel Wrecked.

CHARLESTON, Oct. 28.—The steamer Republic, which left New York for New Orleans on the 18th inst., was wrecked off the coast of Georgia on Wednesday last. Four boats and one raft put off from the ship. One of the boats arrived in Charleston to-day. This boat contained Captain Young, engineer G. W. Duufee, purser W. H. Morehead, and S. W. Whitman, J. R. Altby, Mrs. J. H. White and child, Mrs. L. D. Dideriski and two children, J. McLaughlin, S. Livons, steward, and seemen John Dideriski and two children, J. McLaugh-lin, S. Lyons, steward, and seemen John Quinn, Thos. Smith, B. Seary and James Corcoran. The other boats and the raft have not been heard from. The survivors will take passage on the Queen City for New York to-morrow.

Heavy Gale.

Murder and Robbery.

BALTIMORE, October 29.-A horrible murder and robbery were committed to-day about noon in the phonographic establish-ment of H. B. Grove, on Baltimore street, adjoining the Sun office. The proprietor was found about one o'clock lying upon the floor of his operating room dead, with a pistol shot in the back of his head. His person had been robbed of a watch and other valuables. Parties in the adjoining building testify to hearing a report of a pistol about noon. No clue has been obtained of the murderer.

From Charleston. NEW YORK, Oct. 29.—The steamer Morning Star, from New Orleans on the 21st, has

rrived. The steamers Moneka and Granada, from Charleston, had arrived. Gen. Gil-more would soon establish his headquar-Hon. F. Moses has been chosen President of the South Carolina Senate and Hon. A. P. Aldrich, Speaker of the House.

Death of a Newspaper Publisher. PILADELPHIA, Oct. 20.—J. Barcley Harding, recently appointed Collector of National Revenue in the 1st District of Pennsylvania to succeed his father, Jasper Harding, died suddenly this evening of congestion of the brain. The deceased was publisher of the Evening Bulletin, and was an active supporter of President Johnson's Administration.

West Virginia Election--Union Victory.

Wheeling, W. V., Oct. 29.—The election in West Virginia on the 26th passed off puietly. Returns from ten counties show a large Union majority. The Legislature West Virginia Election-Union Victory.

NEW VORK, October 29 .- F. Bohager was

arrested yesterday, and over one hundred thousand dollars in counterfeit Treasury otes and fractional currency captured on his premises. River.

PITTSBURG, Oct. 29.—River five feet six inches by the pier mark and rising. Weather clear and cold. Snow at Chicago. CHICAGO, October 29 .- The first snow of the season fell here this morning.

SPECIAL TO WEST'RN PRESS October 30-3 A. M.

Pope's Allocution -- Adams-Russell Cor-

respondence -- Comments of London Papers -- Parallel Cases. NEW YORK, Oct. 29 .- Files by the steamer Africa have been received.

The Pope's allegation against secret soci-The Pope's affectation against secret ster-eties has occasioned great stir among conti-nental Free Masons. It is reported that in Paris ladies of every rite except Scotch have assembled to deliberate on a proposal of reconciliation. Gen. McKinch, who is Grand Master and at the same time Commander of the National Guard, is sorely perplexed, and it is thought that he will re-

sign his functions as Grand Master, In regard to the Russell-Adams corres-pondence the London News says that it should not be forgotten that claims made by Spain against the American Government, under similar circumstances, were only settled by treaty, and that those made by Portugal furnished materials for argument which lasted more than thirty years. If powers such as Spain and Portugal in like circumstances felt themselves bound to perpetual discussion, until they obtained some sort of settlement, it is not probable that the United States of America will follow a different course. Assuredly Lord Russell's refusal to refer the matters now in dispute will not settle them.

Wilmer & Smith's European Times says: It is just possible that, to avoid payment of a few hundred thousands or millions of money, we may base our opposition, in principle, so untenable as to cause us when cases are reverted, when Americans are and Sherman's campaigns, yet to be sold, and the Cavalry Bureau sell their hundreds of horses weekly to a crowd of lively competitors.

Considerable remorse has been excited by the delay in the appointment of an adverse when the practice we have defended may

be turned against us in a way that it is hideous even to surmise. The London Post says: The manner in which the London press have received the Adams-Russell dispatches does not prom-ise success to the English view of the Alabama question. Lord Russell did not ap-pear to be aware that the United States had retreated from the position taken up by Mr. Quincy Adams in the Portugal business. It is possible he may yet be brought to admit that alterations made in American laws, in consequence of the decision with Portugal, are consonant to justice, and that being behind the Americans in this matter

we must take the consequences. The London Star says: Earl Russell in The London Star says: Earl Russell in his anxiety to save the maritine powers from the responsibility for injury which their subjects may unauthorizedly care to belligerents have or has taken up very dangerous ground for maratime nations, when they may be made in turn to suffer by such acts. Whatever view may be taken of injustice of the claims in regard to the Alabama. We trust no British statesman will fall into so grievous a blunder by

placing our commerce at the mercy of des-peradoes who may issue from neutral ports during some of our future wars. Does Lord Russell really mean to con-tend that the power of England is unequal to stop such an outrage as the issuing of the Shenandoah from the port of London to become a privateer after baving had her arms supplied to her on the high seas. Earl Russell deserves all credit for his industry in endeavoring to shut the mouth of Mr. Adams by a quotation from what his grandfather said and did fifty years ago; but at the same time the security of com-merce at the present day is a subject of greater importance to the people of Eng-

The London Spectator says the corre pondence between Mr. Adams and Lord Russell is too grave, moderate and carefully self-restrained on both sides not to wear an uncomfortable aspect to all who wish for a permanently pacific relations between the two countries.

Veteran Reserve Corps--English Capi-

talists. NEW YORK, October 29 .- A Washington special rublished in this morning's papers, says it appears after all that has been said about mustering out the veteran reserve corps, that an order is about to be issued which simply directs commanding officers to prepare separate rolls of those men who desire to be discharged from service, and of those who wish to be retained. This is for the purpose of mustering out those who wish it; reducing the number of officers and consolidating the corps, which Congresswill be asked to make a permanent organ ization, into which men who have been wounded and desire to re-enter the service, but who cannot enlist in the regular army, according to regulations, on account of exaccording disabilities, will be admitted.

A portion of the party of Eurepean capitalists now in this country, including Sir Morton Peto, visited Richmond and Petersburg, Virginia, during the past week, and spent some time in viewing the battle-fields in that violatity.

in that vicinity. From South America-New Line of Steamers--President Johnson's Address to the Brazillau Minister

New York, October 29.—Buenes Ayres papers of the 20th of September have reached us by way of Europe. They contain no additional news in regard to the war between Paraguay and the allies. The Paraguay

tween Paraguay and the allies. The Paraguayans have respected property protected by our national flag.

The new line of steamers between New York and Rio Janeiro, in addition to the subsidies granted by the United States and Brazil, has been voted twenty thousand dollars by the Argentine Confederation, on condition that the trips of the vessels be extended to Buenos Ayres.

President Johnson's address to the Brazilian minister has attracted considerable attention, both in France and England, and in each country it is inferred that the President's advice to the Brazilians to aim at sustaining themselves, absolutely implies an abandonment of the Monroe dootrine.

Death of a Prominent Man-Locomotive

Explosion -- Two Men Killed, his residence near Petersburg to-day.

A locomotive on the Raleigh and Gaston
Cailroad exploded yesterday, instantly kill-

ing two men. Repudiation of the Rebel Debt In North Carolina.

The Wilmington Journal regrets that President Johnson has insisted upon the repudiation of the rebel debt. We quote its

We support President Johnson in his restoration policy, so far, at least, as our sup-port can avail him. We admire his gener-al course as President, and we say so free-ly. But this feeling toward the President does not pledge us to an unreasoning ap-proval of all he does—to a surrender of our proval of all he does—to a surrender of our own judgment, a sacrifice of our own manhood. We wish President Johnson had not consented to send that dispatch. We say consented, because we cannot but think that he was importuned to send it. He sent no such dispatch to Mississippi or South Carolina. It looks more like dictation than advice to the Convention of our poor, bleeding, and prostrate State, and will be so construed. It was so construed by the Convention, which proceeded to "respond" to it, although they had otherwise solemnly disposed of the question. We cannot but think that this is to be regarded as an exception to President Johnson's usual strong sense, and a deviation from puietly. Returns from ten counties show a large Union majority. The Legislature want of firmness and stability in rather too bold relief, even for it. We regret it for the State upon whose bitherto stainless escutcheen it places a blot—for it is a blot escutcheen it places a point of the state upon whose bitherto stainless escutcheen it places a blot—for it is a blot escutcheen it places. which casuistry can neither explain away nor wash out. Where the State had the goods, she is expected in honor to pay what they were worth. Whether she got them for a good use or a bad one, she got them, and promised to pay for them. She cannot honorably dishonor her note by pleading the want of a United States revenue stamp. We have heretofore alituded to the case of the banks whose charters compelled them to lend to the State a certain proportion of to lend to the State a certain proportion of their capitals—to the innocent stockholders, sacrificed by obedience to one clause of their charter, and by the enforcement of another clause—to the widows and orphans whose estates will be swept away, and themselves beggared. We need not allude to these again. The die is cast. Repudiation will soon be a household word. Like

vice, repudiation "Is a monster of such bideous mice That to be hated needs but to be seen.
But seen too oft, amiliar with h r face
We first endure, then pity, then embrace."

THE BODY OF KING JAMES III, OF SCOT-LAND, DISCOVERED AND REINTERRED.—By command of Her Majesty the Queen, an elegant slab or monumental structure has been erected on the spot of ground at Cambuskenneth, near Sterling, where were found some human remains, supposed to be those of King James III and his Queen, the Princess Margaret, of Denmark. The royal remains were dug up in the course of some excavations which were made in the summer of just year, when the foundations summer of last year, when the foundations of the ancient abbey were laid bare. It may be stated that the structure is built of forty the structure is built of freestone, is about four feet and a half in hight, eight feet long, four and a half feet broad at the base, and about three feet broad at the top. On the north side the fol-lowing inscription is cut in raised letters: "This restoration of the tomb of her ancesters was executed by command of Her Majesty, Queen Victoria, A. D. 1865." On the south there is the following: "In this place, near to the high altar of the Abbey of Cambuskenneth, were deposited the remains of James the Third, King of Scots, who died the 11th of June, 1488, and of his Queen, the Princess Margaret, of Den-mark." On the west end are the Scotch arms, with motto, "nemo me impune laces-sit," and on the east end the Scotch arms, quartered with those of Denmark, sur-rounded by a scroll of thistles.—Dundee

The late mass Democratic meeting in New York city was composed, as respects the "upper crust" portion of it, of the most incongruous materials. In the list of vice presidents of that gathering of war men are the names of Charles O'Connor, the most distinguished champion of slavery and apologist for the South at the New York bar, and the senior counsel of Jeff. Dayis; George Ticnor Curtis, the recreant son of New England, whose frigid conservatism drove him away from the shadow of Bun-ker Hill monumen'; Gideon J. Tucker, a special pet of the News office den; A. Oakey Hall and Manton Marble, late renegrades from the Republican party, whose zeal as new converts drives them to the farthest extreme of dough-face "loyalty." Thomas C. Fields, the New York pettilogger, who spouts treason in the Legislature, and a great numer of other kindred spirits. Trugreat numer of other kindred spirits. Tru-ly a beautiful and appropriate list to adorn the proceedings of a war meeting of the loyal friends of the administration and the Union! What sort of a "cat in the this? It is interesting to note also that this boisterous assemblage of "unterrified" patriots was addressed by Sunset Cox, Gen, Slocum, John Van Buren and Montgomery Blair. What a motley set! How mighty is "the cohesive power of plunder!"

CO-PARTNERSHIP.

SHERMAN P. WHALEY & CO.

REAL ESTATE BROKERS

AUCTIONEERS, On Sixth street, bet. Main and Market. RED FRONT.

TION and COMMISSION business EXCLUSIVELY. NO GOODS OF OUR OWN WILL BE SOLD. We will pay strict attention to sales of Furniture a private residences, Real Estate, Houses and Lots, also sales of Dry Goods and Merchandise generally. We respectfully solicit a share of the public patronage. Cur house will be open for business on Monday morn-

ing. Sept. 25, when we shall be very happy to receive the

F. HAVE THIS DAY ENTERED INTO A CO-PART-

rship for the purpose of carrying on a general AUC-

onsignments of our friends and the public in general. Liberal cash advances made on consignments. SHERMAN P. WHALEY, NORT. Q. POPE,

REMOVAL. REMOVAL. BRADSHAW & BRO., New Albany Rolling Mill

lave removed their office to NO. 64 MAIN STREET, between Second and Third ocll-lm

Architects,

WHOLESALE BOOTS, SHOES & WOOL HATS.

BOOTS, SHOES, ETC.

WE ARE ERCRIVING A FULL STOOK FOR FALL and Winter trade, which we are selling at low prices.
We invite buyers to examine our goods.
INGALLS & CO.. 165 WEST MAIN STREET, aug28-3md&wis Between Fourth and Fifth.

A UCTION SAE OF GOVERNMENT CATTLE, Office Commissary Subs stence, Edgefield, Tenn., Co. A Office Commissary Sups series, and the cavalry detober 20, 1855.

Twill offer for sale at public auction at the cavalry depot in Edgedield, Tenn., on the 28th day of October, 1855,
seyenty-four head cond-sunred United States Beef Cattle.
There Cattle are all well broken for work. Sale 19 commerce at 10 clock y. 26.

Terms—Cash in Government funds.

J. A. COLTMAN,
Capt. and C. 3. FURNISHING COODS.

PETERSBURG, VA., Oct. 29.—Hon. Timo-thy Rives, of Prince George county, died at SCOTT, DAVISON & CO



(Successors o Scott, Keen & Co.,) Wholesale and Retail Dealers MEN & BOYS' FINE CLOTHING furnishing goods. Corner of Sixlh and Main Streets,

Louisville, Ey.

CLOTHING

THE LARGEST STOCK

INTHECITY IS AT

SPROULE & MANDEVILLE, Corner of Fourth and Main streets, under the National Hotel.

Military Clothing WM. W. MOREIS. EDW. HOGG. A. GOWDY

405 MAIN ST., 105 CHAMBERS ST., LOUISVILLE, MY, NEW YORK WEGRSELE DRALKED IN NOTIONS, STATIONERY,

DIARIES FOR 1866!

THE TRADE SUPPLIED AT EASTERN MANUFACTURERS'

INK.

DR. EELL'S WRITING FLUID. Dr. Eells' Writing Fluid. The ink manufactured by Dr. S. W. Eells at this place, is fast working itself into publie favor. Wherever it is tried, it is pronounced the best made in this country, and equal to Arnold's celebrated inks. Read the following certificate from the Fourth Auditor of the Treasury Department, at

its genuineness.-Mansfield (O.) Herald. its genuineness,—Mansfield (O.) Herald.

FOURTH AUDITOR'S OFFICE, July 11, 1855.

I hereby certify that I have been using, for some time past, in my office, Dr. S. W. Sel's Ins, both his writing and copying fluids, manufactured at Mansfield, Ohio; and that I am highly pleased with it, and consider it equal in every resect, if not superfor, to Arneld's imported ink, and I think less liable to mould.

I therefore recommend it as worthy the attention of the Government Departments in Washington, and all persons who desire a really superior article of ink of American manufacture.

STEPHEN J. W. TAROR, ec2-tf

Fourth Auditor.

JOHN C. NAUTS. WM. C. REAMER NAUTS & REAMER,

NO. 284,

AGENTS FOR THE

Iron, Nails, Steels, Spikes, Rivets, Springs, Nuts, Washers, Axles and Bolts,

BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS!

(Etaber borrels, hogsheads, or by the car load.)

THE HIGHEST MARKET PRICE PAID

Wrought and Cast Iron Scrap,

SPROULE & MANDEVILLE

WM. W. MORRIS & CO.

FURNISHING GOODS, SUTLERS' GOODS, AT RASTERN PRICES.

405 Main street, between Wearth and Finh.

EXAMINEOURSTYLES!

PRICES:

43I MAIN STREET (old No.)

Washington. The Dr. has shown us the original certificate, and we can vouch for

HARDWARE.

N. S. Main Street, bet. Sixth and Seventh, Louisville. Ky.

AND DEALERS IN

"Brinly" Plow Plates!

Best Pittsburg Coal,

Gentlemen's Furnishing Goods

Further Explorations Being Made.

The Great Fenian Scare in Canada.

Fearfal Alarm Prevailing at To-

ronto. A Negro Insurrection in Jamaica.

A Proclamation by the President.

The Disaster to the North Star.

PROCLAMATION BY THE PRESIDENT. Washington, October 28.—Whereas, it has pleased Almighty God during the year which is now coming to an end to relieve our beloved country from the fearful scourge our beloved country from the learning sourge of civil war, and to permit us to secure the blessings of peace, unity, and harmony, with a great enlargement of civil liberty; and, whereas, our Heavenly Father has has also, during the year, graciously averted from us the calamities of foreign war, pestilence and famine, while our graneries are full of the fruits of an abundant season; and, whereas, righteousness exalts a nation,

while sin is a reproach to any people.

Now, therefore, I, Andrew Johnson,
President of the United States, do hereby recommond to the people thereof that they do set apart and observe the first Thursday in December as a day of national thanksgivings to the Creator of the universe for these deliverances and blessings; and I do further recommend that on that occasion the whole people make confessions of our national sins against His infinite goodness, and, with one heart and mind, implore the Divine guidance in the ways of national virtue and holiness,
In testimony whereof I have hereunto set

my hand and caused the seal of the United tates to be affixed.

Done at the city of Washington, this 28th

October, in the year of our Lord andred and sixty-five, and of the

eighteen hu " JOHNSON. Independence of ...

ANDREW (Signed)

By the President. W. H. Seward, Secretary of State.

W. H. Seward, Secretary of State.

NORFOLK, VA., October 28.—The Norfolk
Post of this morning gives the particulars
nearly six
and eighteen inc... Post of this morning gives the particulars of the disaster to the steamship North Star, in the gale off Hatters on the 24th instant. Such was the force of the leak on the morning of the 25th, that the water reached to in four inches of the fires, and would have extinguished them but for the super-human efforts of the troops and passengers human efforts of the troops and passengers on board to prevent it, after throwing much of he; cargo overboard. The vessel made a thousand gallons a minute. The ship is now at the wharf here, leaking two thousand gallons a minute, and it requires the most energetic efforts to keep her from sinking. The passengers have published resolutions denouncing the owners of the North Star for sending her to sea in the orth Star for sending her to sea in the condition in which they knew her to be. Her copper was so torn that, the passengers say, the ship could not make seven knots an hour; the boiler was only equal to eigh-teen rounds of steam; there was an insuffiof life-boats, and the vessel in every respect was unsafe. The resolutions of the passengers concludes as follows:

lar's tools, were found. Some of the silverware has been identified as belonging to a clergyman of this city. Most of the silverware is marked "West," and with initials, the final letter of which is W. Three men were found on board and arrested They give their names as Owen and Rob't

Stratton and Patrick Mulligan.
The boot and shoe store of John Keep, or Main street, of this city, was broken into last night, and goods to the amount of \$500

NASHVILLE, Oct. 28.—Parties have for several days been exploring the subterra-nean passages under Nashville. Mr. A. H. Stewart descended one hundred and twen ty-five feet from the cavern under Church treet, vesterday, into the chasm below and was drawn out nearly suffocated by the foul air. Several relics were discovered such as fossils, bones, buttons, and stone resembling agate and marble. The grand chamber of the cave is forty feet high ty feet wide, and eighty feet long. Further xplorations are being made.

River—There is twenty-two inches of wa-

ter on Harpeth shoals. New York, Oct. 28.—The Post's Washington special says the President has not yet made a decision in the case of Henry

Senator Cragin, of New Hampshire, had an interview with the President yesterday, when the President substantially ed the sentiments expressed in the Stearns

The United States steamer Rhode Island sailed hence for Havana to convoy the old steamer Shenandoah to Washington. The Elizabeth City county court is in session at Hampton, Va., under the permision from Major General Miles.

SAN FRANCISCO, Oct. 23 .- The steamer America from Nicaragua, arrived yester-day. Dates from Honolulu to the 30th of September have been received. The Honolulu Advertiser publishes a list of ninety-five whalers, composing the Arctic fleet, nearly all American. Thirty-three of these had been burned or bonded by the Shenan doah, and sixty-two announced to be heard

The Federal war steamer Saranac sailed from Honolulu on the 17th of September for the Island of Marquesas, owing to a rumor that a lot of coal had been been anded at Tantical for the Shenandoah.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28 .- The Senate of the Fenian Congress reassembled to-day at the Astor House, the chair being occupied by the President, Colonel Wm. R. Roberts. The session, as hitherto, was strictly private, and the attendance was confined to ts members. It is ascertained, however, that the principal business transacted was in relation to the sale of the bonds of the future Irish Republic, which will be ready for delivery next week. Several of the members stated that they had received pledges from prominent citizens that they would subscribe for the bonds in various amounts. The Senate intended to establish their headquarters in a large hall in this city in a few days.

TORONTO, Oct. 27.-The Leader of to-day has an article on the expected Fenian inva-sion, and calls on the Government to take the arms from the vaults lest the Fenians

should get them, and establish patrols on the frontiers and inaugurate a passport, Fearful alarm exists.

The jury in the Sanders kidnapping case are still locked up.

A raid on the Canadian banks by the Fenians is expected.

Fenians is expected.

MOREHEAD CITY, Oct. 28 .- The purser of Moremental City, Oct. 28.—The purser of the steamer Eagle reports that an insurrec-tion has broken out among the negroes of Jamaica, and the English Consul General at Havana has applied to the Captain Gen-eral of Cuba for aid to put the negroes down, and war vessels have been dispatched for that purpose. that purpose.

NEW OBLEANS, Oct. 28.—A gentleman just arrived direct from Matamoras denies the report of that place being captured or surrendered. Mega has declared martial

PITTSBURG, Oct. 28.—River four feet large. Weather cloudy, with rain last night and this morning.

NEW YORK, Oct. 28.—The Police Commis

New York, Oct. 28.—The Police Commissioners to-day made a formal complaint against the street contractors for non-performance of duty, citing one hundred streets to sustain their charges.

Edward B. Ketchum was arraigned in the Court of General Sessions, before Recorder Hoffman. He withdrew his plea of not guilty on the gold check indictment for forgery in the third degree, and put in a plea of guilty. It was agreed that his sentence be suspended till he can be examined in the civil cases now before the Courts.

Boston, October 28.—A locomotive on the

Boston, October 28 .- A locomotive on the Essex Railroad, while waiting for a train at Falmouth, N. H., exploded to-day, killing Charles Heath, fireman, and causing considerable damage to the enginehouse.

WASHINGTON, October 28.-The embassa dors from Tunis spent some time yesterday evening with the Secretary of State, at his residence. They will be formally presented to the President on Monday.

REVER MATTERS

ARRIVALS. SATURDAY, October 28, Mattie, Parkersburg; Romeo, Madison; Rose Hite, Henderson; Kate Robinson, Memphis; Rowena, Memphis, DEPARTURES. Romeo, Madison; Lawrence, St. Louis; Cttizen; Amelia Poe, New Orlean Pink Varble, Eastport; R. L. Woodward Cairo; Rose Hite, Henderson.

ARRIVALS. Mason, Parkersburg; nati; H. M. Childs, Sandy Valley, Madison; J. M. Turner, Ky. River. DEPARTURES.

J. G. Blackford, Cincinnati; Mattie, Parkersburg; Gen. Buell, "H. M. Childs, Big Sandy; Nick Longworth "Mason

THE RIVER was still rising yesterday with four feet four inches water in the canal in the evening by the mark. During the ous twenty-four hours it had risen inches at the head of the falls, has at Portland, with over between Portland

her was of a and New Albany. The weam wintry aspect Saturday, with a sliga.
of hail and sleet in the morning, but happily it was of short duration, as yesterday was again clear and bright, and seasona-bly mild. The thermometer Saturday in-dicated a temperature as low as 40 after sun

On the falls last evening, as we learn from Capt. Pink Varble, the falls pilot, there were thirty inches water in the Indian

chute, down the pass.

At Cincinnati Saturday the river was still swelling a little, and the packets from that port report fully five feet water at Rising Sun bar, and about six feet at other The river at Pittsburg was slightly on

the rise Saturday with four feet water in the channel, and rainy weather Thursday, and Friday.

The Cumberland was swelling Saturday,

SALT ARRIVED .- Yesterday morning a brace of barges, with some 2000 or more barrels of salt from the Ohio River Salt Company's mines, arrived at the upper landing. It was consigned to John B. Smith, Esq., the energetic President of the Board of Trade.

Pig Iron.—One of the long over due

boats of pig iron from Pomeroy, arrived yes-terday, containing some 100 tons or more of cold blast pig metal for the agent, George

THE SAINT CHARLES .- This fine packet which has been elongated at Madison, was probably launched Saturday. She is one of the boats belonging to the People's line, plying between this city and Cincinnati, and when she again takes the track it is expected that she will be second to none in the pected that she will be second to none in the trade. Captain Watts, her commander, is

A LOAD OF HAY.—Early yesterday the little propeller J. M. Turner came in from Kentucky river with a big load of hay, some three thousand bales, consigned to Geo. McCallam. She had a brace of barges in two, and has been absent five days, con-suming only twenty-five tuns of coal for fuel. That out Richard's the Dictator on

cheap fuel trips.

The steamers H. M. Childs and Mason came in from Big Sandy yesterday with a regiment of colored soldiers on board, all f whom were disembarked at the wharf

resterday.

The Yorktown, Financier and Kento are due from Pittsburg, the first and last named en route for St. Louis. The General Buell, in full repair again was the noon mailboat yesterday for Cin-cinnati. She was punctual to the minute in starting, or rather a little fast of time, as

we noticed a chap with a letter to go by the mailboat who was just about half a minute too late, and his watch had not yet noted he hour. The Missouri Democrat mentions the arrival at that post of Mr. Lewis Grevier and two companions in a skiff, in which they had come down the Missouri river, a distance of 2,700 miles. They went up that stream last spring in a steamboat, and the

water being too low to admit of the return of the boat, they concluded to embark in a skiff and make their way home. They were on several occasions fired at by the Indians on the banks of the river, but re-

Indians on the banks of the fiver, but received no injury.

The Gen. Lytle, Capt. Godman, is the regular mail line packet for Cincinnati and the East to-day. She starts at noon, connecting with the early trains going East.

The Major Anderson, Capt. Frank Carter, is the evening mailboat for Cincinnati to-day. She starts at 4 o'clock.

The St. Nicholas is the regular People's.

Line hoat to-day for Cincinnati. She starts

Line boat to-day for Cincinnati. She starts at noon in charge of Capt. John. M. Martin,

at noon in charge of Capt. John. M. Martin, making connections with the morning trains at Cincinnati.

The Anna was due from Cincinnati yesterday bound for Vicksburg, Natchez, and New Orleans. Among her passengers are the families of Capt. A. McGill and Capt. Freeman C. Holmes, bound for New Carthage, Louisiana. Capt. McGill is about to locate in that country. He has long been known as one of the most enterprising and popular steamboat Captains. His last boat was the once famous Atlanta, the fastest was the once famous Atlanta, the fastest boat on the Western waters while under his command. We hope soon to hear of Capt. McGill being in command of one of the packets in the Vicksburg and New Or-

leans trade.
The R, K. Dunkerson is due from Evans

Exports of gold are large, being \$86,913. A to a bottle of champagne) and on reasonable terms, by J. H. Schroeder & Sons, bars.

IMPORTS BY THE RIVER. MADISON PER ROMEO—124 bbls flour 150 bgs shorts 20 bdls bags. Brandeis 2 to, 200 bbls flour, J Peters & co, 200 cbls flour, J Peters & co, 200 cbls flour, J Peters & co, 200 cbls flour, J Peters & co, 1250 boxes starch, Dupotit; 36 bales hay, Cropper & co; 135 do, R H Bobinson; 25 do, T Garr; 39 bbls lime, S C Rucker, 31 pkg3 flurniture, owners.

pkg3 farniture, owners.

CINCINNATI, PER MAJOR ANDERSON—100 bags mait, 8 Bott; 95 bbls po atoes 25 pkgs, Sheerer & co; 22 baias tobacco, Dow & B; 60 boxes cheese, Tait Son & co; 100 do, C8 Coope, 1; 0 hhds baccon. J N Engres; 150 bxs tin 7 do hardware, Litthgow & co. 24 boxes raisins, H D & co; 50 exp pkgs, Adams Express Co, 35 kegs friets, J Pearce; 260 bales hay, Christy & co: 77 bbls p ratees 37 do onions, W W Shephard; 218 pkgs, E S Eobinson; 12 bbls whisky, 25 boxes cheese 6 bbls oli, 25 do apples 23 bags coffee, 10 cases matches, 266 packages, owners; 230 packages, J C Buckles

CINCINNATI, FER GENERAL LYTLE-20 bbls ryo our, M Dusch; 37 hids sugar, Gardner & co; 40 bbls oil, ontgomery & co; 20 bbls flour. A Simms; 78 rkgs fish, D auerding & co; 50 bbls flour. A Simms; 78 rkgs fish, D auerding & co; 50 bbls apples, B & B; 184 bd sand 75 bars on, Belknap & co; 150 boxer cheese, Hutchings D & co; doz buckets, C Ormsb; 20 do brooms 11 do woodware, S & co; 483 pkgs, E 8 Robinson; 200 bales hay, Christy & c; 20 do, Monks & co; 70 do, sugar; 60 boxes cheese, 8 bg; 20 do, Monks & co; 70 do, sugar; 60 boxes cheese, 8 bg; 20 do, Monks & co; 70 do, sugar; 60 boxes cheese, 8 bg; 20 do, Monks & co; 70 do, sugar; 80 boxes cheese, 8 bg; 20 do, Monks & co; 70 do, sugar; 80 boxes cheese, 8 bg; 20 do, Monks & co; 70 do, sugar; 80 boxes cheese, 8 bg; 20 do, Monks & co; 70 do, sugar; 80 boxes cheese, 8 bg; 20 do, Monks & co; 70 do, sugar; 80 boxes cheese, 8 bg; 20 do, Monks & co; 70 do, sugar; 80 boxes cheese, 8 bg; 20 do, Monks & co; 70 do, sugar; 80 boxes cheese, 8 bg; 20 do, Monks & co; 70 do, sugar; 80 boxes cheese, 8 bg; 10 do, 80 do; 10 d

owners.

CINCINNATI, PER ST. NICHOLAS—115 pkgs, Davis & co; 100 kitts mackerel, Moore B & co; 2 carboys, Hurley & co; 22 boxes cheese, Vallandingham; 22 bbls whisky, Berlioth & co; 100 boxes cheese, Moore B & co; 149 bkgs, P Felsom; 36 bales hay, George Chrlsty & co; 50 do straw, Hasting; 18 bbls whisky, J Snyder & co; 5 bbls onl, E O Wilder; 778 pkgs, Erwin & D; 10 tbds sugar, 40 bundles apaper 20 bags coffee 56 bbls apples 3 bales hop; 20 bgs seed, bbls sugar, 4 do strup 5 coils rope, 780 pkgs, cwners.

CINCINNATI, PER GENERAL, BUELL, 107 bbls per CINCINNATI, PER GENERAL, BUELL, 107 bbls per CINCINNATI, PER GENERAL, BUELL, 107 bbls per considerations. 5 bbls sugar, 4 do strup 5 colis rope, 780 pkgs, cwners.
CINOINNAT!, PER GENERAL BUELL—107 bbls potatoes, Sheerer & c.; 109 do, Tait, Son & co; 229 bales hay, Christy & co; 10 bbls oil, B A Robinson; 42 kegs whisky, 9 kgs mdse, Guthrie & co; 30 bags coffee, A N & W O Gardner; 8 bbls winegar, M N Mitchell; 11 bags seed, Sherman & co; 30 case (gaters 7 pkgs 5 bbls whisky, Tait Son & cc; 113 exp pkgs, Adoms Express co; 12 boxes cheese 51 pieces hollowware 13 sheets iron 637 pkgs, E S Robinson; 39 bxs raiside 127 pkgs, cwners.
CINCINNATI. PER NICK LONGWORTH—10 about

raising 127 pkgs, owners.

CINCINNATI, PEB NICK HONGWORTH—10 thidd bacon, J Peter & co; 167 pkgs. Adams Express Co; 160 bxs these, A Cooper; 128 bbis potatoes, Tait 85n & co; 10 bbis cider, A Cooper; 126 bbis potatoes, Tait 85n & co; 10 bbis cider, A Cooper; 126 cranh rives, G Miller; 180 do flour 100 bags bran, Brandeis & to; 69 pkgs furniture 8 doz weil buck ets 40 bbis flour 18 do sugar 20 boxes cass.nee coffee 2 labs tobacce 150 pkgs mase, owners; 50 3xs starch, McF & M; 20 do, H Wedekind.

YEVAY, PER SANDY VALLEY—151 bdls hay Christy teo: 100 bbis flour, McIlvaine & Son; 135 do 100 bags bran KENTUCKY RIVER, PER PROPELLER J. W. TUR-NER-3000 bales hay, G. McCallam. POMEROY, PER BARGES-1800 bbls salt, John B. HANGING ROCK, PER FLATBOAT-200 tons pig iron

CINGINNATI, PER J. G. BLACK FORD-13 hf chest CINMINNATI, PERLJ. G. BLAUK-FUED—15 II CRESS tea 102 bags coffee 50 bils sugar 2 kgs 61 kegs lead, wharf beat 25 box's soap 5 bags yarn, G C Hunter; 62 sheets and 4 heads beider iron 9 kegs rivetts, ainsile a co; 80 boxes herrings, G W Morris; 152 pkgs G P Folsom; 40 bxs starch Moore B & co; 166 pks fi-h, 14 bils vinegar, 16 bdis skins, 30 box's coffee, 60 bbis sugar, 58 pkgs sirup, 703 packages, owners.

owners.

HENDERSON, PER ROSE HITE—19 c*ddjestobacco,
Musselman & cc; 15 ale boxes, Billing & Driesbach; 100
stacks barley, Kalin & Eberle; 37 do oa's, R H Robinson;
16 do fruit 2 bbis flaxseed 3 bundles rags 2 sacks feathers,
Gardner & cc; 1 keg potatoes, W Duckwall; 1 hhd tobacco,
G W Baynham; 4 do do, Phelps, Caldwell & cc; 1 box, L
Buffis; 118 bales hay, Verhoeff & Bro; 89 sacks wheat, Mr
Quary.

COMMERCIAL. WEEKLY REVIEW.

OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE UNION PERSS. SATURDAY EVENING. October 28, 1865. There have been many fluctuations in the market this week, with a decline on several leading articles at the close, which were firm and advancing early in the week. Our summary annexed gives the details and prices that were prevailing to-day. Cotton has varied from day to day, first up a cent or two, then declining, closing this evening rather dull with a downward tendency.

The new organization of the Nashville Enilroad Comgoes into effect next week, and the best results are by the commercial community, and our citicommercial community, and our citicommercial community, and our citicommercial community, and our citicommercial community, and our citicommunity, well qualified and compeally. An active We hear pando de lo de la compensation de la compensation de la compensation should be not on. be city. We hear, tent, but devoted to the interests of for transform an undoubted source, that the extra conditions from the Chattancoga road, are proving detributed to the compensation of the Chattancoga road, are proving detributed to the depot of the Chattancoga road, are proving detributed to the compensation of to the depot of the Chattancoga road, are proving detriminial to the commerce of this city. This extra cost is
ten dollars on a car-load, when, in fact, the transfer
could be made without one cent additional cost. This
item of additional cost has caused a diversion of trade

rom this city to other points.

The Nashville railroad directory have perfected their arrangements for the transportation of freights over the connecting roads hence to Chattanooga, Atlanta, Macou, and Knoxville, by which freights are taken on an averhad Abovine, by when he had been formerly, or less han formerly, or less han half the former rates. The new tariff of rates is an-

passengers concludes as follows:

"Our experience during the entire gale of the 24th and 25th of October, and, in fact, during the whole voyage, shows us that the New York Steamship Company was guilty of the most criminal carelessness in sending to the New York Steamship Company was guilty as the North Star."

The steamer is expected from New York to take the North Star."

The steamer is expected from New York to take the North Star."

The steamer is expected from Pittsburg with her first twee on board have had quarters for them provided here.

POUGHKEEPSIE, N. Y., October 28.—This morning a suspicious looking schooner was boarded by the police officers of this city, and a large quantity of silverware and other articles, together with a set of burglar's tools, were found. Some of the silverware has been identified as belonging to

sales of 100 bb's at \$3, and 200 bbls, in smaller lots, at \$3.25. Green apples, as to quality, range from \$4 to 7, and as by the single barrel for selected.

Bagging and rope are quite scarce and in demand, and some bolders are asking an advance on our quotations, owing to the scarcity of hemp, the price of undressed ranging from \$180 to 200 per ton, and very meager re-

As regards the pork packing prospects, and the opening prices of hogs for slaughter, we have no definite informa-tion, beyond the fact that packers and buyers are not in he market. Their views are wide y varied from those of farmers and drovers, who are anticipating high prices from the fact that pork and bacon are now running high and on the presumption that the "hog crop" will be short. To meet this the packers contend that the demand for veral years has been almost exclusively for army con tracts, the sales last season in this market for that pur pose far exceeding one million and a quarter of dollars with only a mere nomical demand for plantation supply. Now the army demand will only be nominal, and the sup-ply of logs in the South is fair and the prospective demand light. Corn is abundant throughout the whole country. and the mast in Kentucky, Indiana and other places is far more abundant than for years, particularly beech and oak. Th's alone will fatten the hogs for January. The ercp of hogs is light, but the increase in weight will be onsiderable, and we quote the nominal rate at 839

The weather has been clear and pleasant for over week, and the season never more propitious for the farm-ers in all departments. Yesterday was cold and cloudy with a light rain, and this moraing the themometer was

with a light dash of rain and hail. The river is swelling slowly, with four feet water in the canal. The dispatches to the Merchants' Exchange from New York quote the opening rate of gold at 145%, closing, at 4 P. M., at 145%. Cotton was in fair demand in the morning at 59@60c; but in the evening prices declined to 58@ 59c, witt limited transactions. Rio coffe was in fair-de-mand, and prices firm, with a sale of 4000 bags prime at 21%c, gold, equal to 31c in currency. Raw sugar was in fair demand, and prices sustained; hard standard quoted at 201/2c. Mess pork was steady in the morning, but de clined in the evering to \$33 62. Eard was dull, at 23½c Flour was duli, and all grades had declined 5@10c. Whisky was steady and in fair demand, at \$2 34@2 35.

The stock quotations were as follows:

Several of the bankers quo'e the money market easy, but we remark that considerable stringency still prevails in monetary affairs, and that paper is rather difficult to negotiate. Eastern Exchange is in less demand, and the current has set in favor of New York, the prevailing buy-ing rata being % discount, and selling at par. We quote

as follows:		Selling
Gold		146
GO: G	137	140
Silver	1 dia	(astack
Kantucky Manka	MARRIED TOURS	
Indiana and Ohio	aI dis.	
Factors.	3 Q18.	*****
Di- L. Donly Ton nesson	25	CO
		25
Planters Dunk, 16	53	56
Union Bank,	CO AL CO	50

Casaria Pailroad and Dallkill Co.	*********	******
Southern Bank, Alabama.	80	******
Southern Dank, Manual	1-10	par.
Eastern Exchange	144	
5-20 Coupous	102	104
Clarer ment Vonchers	seconstrop Todes cer	8.
10-40 Bonds	93	
7-30 Bonds	97	98
7-30 Bonds	101	102
5-20 Bonds, New		
totions apply exclusiv	rely to the	wholese
trade unless otherwise stated. R	etall and lob	oing said

are at an advance on these rates. BAGGING AND ROPE-There was a fair demand t day, with sales of 152 pieces common bagging at 250225/s and 50 pieces good at 29c; small lots of choice power kom at 30c; sales of \$5 coils hand-made rope at 15c; a sale of 50

at 30c; sales of \$5 colls hand-made rope at 15c; a sale of 50 colls machine rope at 16c; a lot of 40q colls at 16c, and 70 colls and 150 half colls at 16%c.

COAL—Stocks very light, and we quote best Pittsburg retailing at 32c per bushel, delivered, or \$8 per cartload of 25 bushels. Pomeroy coal, to beats, 20@22c. We have four inches of snow here, and it is still falling.

New York, Oct. 28.—The Commercial says money is easier and lenders are anxious to employ their balances, and again are seeking borrowers, though in no case at lower than 7 per cent. On call loans. The demand from stock firms, though active is less pressing than yesterday, and the present symptoms favor an early return of comparative ease at 7 per cent. Discount continues active. Gold is steady, the prevailing tendency being to gard easier rates.

The R, K. Dunkerson is due from Evans-tilling at 32c per bushel, delivered, or \$8 per cart-load of 25 bushels. Pomeroy ceal, to beats, 20@22c.

COAL—Stocks very light, and we quote best Pittsburg retailing at 32c per bushel, delivered, or \$8 per cart-load of 25 bushels. Pomeroy ceal, to beats, 20@22c.

COUNTRY PRODUCE—We quote green apple: abundant at \$3 50@6 per bbl in lots, as to quality. Dried apples range at 6 to 7c for old per lb; dried peaches scarce, at 12@15c for unpeeled and 25@25c per pound for peeled. Butter, 40@45c, to boxes of firking; choice, 48@50c. Beest Butter, 40@45c, to boxes of firking; choice, 48@50c. Beest Butter, 40@45c, to boxes of firking; choice, 48@50c. Beest Butter, 40@45c, to boxes of firking; choice, 48@50c. Beest Butter, 40@45c, to boxes of firking; choice, 48@50c. Beest Butter, 40@45c, to boxes of firking; choice, 48@50c. Beest Butter, 40@45c, to boxes of firking; choice, 48@50c. Beest Butter, 40@45c, to boxes of firking; choice, 48@50c. Beest Butter, 40@45c, to boxes of firking; choice, 48@50c. Beest Butter, 40@45c, to boxes of firking; choice, 48@50c. Beest Butter, 40@45c, to boxes of firking; choice, 48@50c. Beest Butter, 40@45c, to boxes of firking; choice, 48@50c. Beest Butter, 40@45c, to boxes of firking; choice, 48@50c. Beest Butter, 40@45c, to boxes of firking; choice, 48@50c. Beest Butter, 40@45c, to boxes of firking; choice, 48@50c. Beest Butter, 40@45c, to boxes of firking; choice, 48@50c. Beest Butter, 40@45c, to boxes of firking; choice, 48@50c. Beest Butter, 40@45c

a seitent vistifajo

Cinsen z buying at 65@70c. Beans nominal at \$1 25 for white. New potatoes in lots \$2.75@3 00. Onlons in lots to dealers at \$2.75; small sales at \$2.25 per hbl. Eggs we

quote at 2562° c per dozen for fresh packed.

BROOM CORN—We quote a sale of 6 bales, new, from Chicago, at \$250 per ton.

BATTING—A sale of 25 bales No. 1 batting, Cannellton at 55c, an advance. Sales of Louisville No. 1 at 55@ 60c. at barrels; cement barrels, 75c; slack half barrels, 45c, and ham tierces, \$1.
COTTON-The market has been unsettled, with sales

during the week of damaged at 45c. inferior at 35c and several lots of low middling to middling at 49 to 55c, with sales restorday at 52@55c, but to-day it was dull again the highest offer being 51c for low middling.

COPTON YARNS—Cotton yarns very firm with sales of No. 500 at 41c in very No. 500 et 25c and No. 700 at 25c. o. 500 at 41c, in ots, No. 600 at 38c, and No. 700 at 25e

per dozen. Small sales at lc advance.

CANDLES AND SOAP—We note considerable sales by manufacturers of 14 oz star candles at 27c. Sales of 13 oz at 25c, with no charge for boxes, in lots of 39 boxes or more; small sales at 25%. Tallow candles at 18@19c; Germans ap—No. 1 at 14c and No. 2 at 13c; common 12c; farmy and candles at 18.

German s ap—No. I at 14c and No. 2 at 15c, to a fancy and castile 22625c per pound.

DRY GOODS—The market is lower and we quote standard Western and Southern sheetings at 85c; Eastern are also 36c. Macon, Ge., sheetings, standard, 35c. Pepperell's 366410; New York Mills, blesched goods, 57%c; Lousdale. 52c; Hone. 475c; Tickings—Amoskeag, 50685c, perell's 38641c; New York Mills, bleached goods, 57½c; Lonsdale, 52c; Hope, 47½c; Tickings—Amoskeag, 50%8c, as to brand; Conestoga 4-4ths, 65c; do., 7;8tks; 69c. Shirting—Stripes, 22@35c; Checks, as to weight, &c., 22@ 67½c; Cottonades, 30@70c; Stahdard prints, 28@30c; Merrimacs 21@25c; London mo rining, 30c; Duchess B, 26c Wamsutta, 25c; Domestic Ginghams, 31@35c; Delaines, Corset Jeans, 31@35r½c;42½c; Kentucky Jeans, 30@90c; Brown Drill's, 38c; Twilled Silesias, 42@45c; Cambrics, 12% 50r color, d and 26%2c, for some content of the content of the color of and 26%2c for some content of the color of and 26%2c for some content of the color of and 26%2c for some content of the color of and 26%2c for some content of the color of and 26%2c for some color of colors. z'c for color d and 30233c for paper. Speel Cotton pea

dozen, \$i.
FLOUR AND GRAIN-The market is r ther quiet, FLOUR AND GRAIN—The market is rether quiet, with sales of 260 bbls superfine flour at \$7.75@8, and a sale of 260 bbls extra family-at \$10.75@11; a sale of 180 bbls p'ain extra at \$9.50; small lots, by dray-load, for extra femily, at \$11211.20, and fanor, \$122612.50. Offal abundant, and we quote steady sales as follows: Bran, \$14 per ton; shorts, \$20 per ton; shipstuffs, \$24, and middlings, \$28@30 per ton from the mills. Wheat is rather scarce, with sales of 250 bushels at \$14000 po for rather scarce, with sales of 3550 bushels at \$1 40@1 90 for new and \$2 10@2 15 for old white. Eales of 1800 bushels spring barley at \$1 20. Corn-new crep, 50@:5c, from wagons; old dull, at 55@65c. Oats 48@50c. Eye 75@80c, and a sale of 400 bushels old wheat, mixed, red and

white, at \$2 05, and 600 bushels at \$2 00.

GROCERIES—We quote limited sales of Rio coffee, mon to fair, at 301/2@311/2c; small ales, good to prime, at 3:@32½c; infc;tor; 20c. Sales of 110 bbls yellow sugar. C and extra C, at 16½@19½c; sales of coffee sugar at 18½@29½c, as to grade; a sale of 50 bbls hard at 21½c, a sale of 100 bbls, at 21½c, and jobbing lots at 22c. Porto Rico molasses \$1@1 20 in bbls. Rice 11½@12½c. Eastern sirups. 76:281.75 or rallon sirups, 75c3\$1 75 per gallon, as to quality and size of

HAY-With light supplies; baled timothy sells, in small lots, at \$17.50@18 per ton. For round lots buyers are ofering \$15@16 per ton.

HIDES AND TALLOW-Buyers are paying 7c for green hides, 12@12½ for dry salted, and 13@14c for flint. Sales of dry flint at 16c. Bough tallow, 8@9c—the buying rates-and rendered, 14@15c.

IRON AND NAILS-We quote bar iron, stone coal, at 5%c, and charcoal make at 7c, with corresponding rates for sizes out of bar. Nails-10d's, in lots of 100 kegs, at \$7.75, with an advance of 25@50c per keg for smaller sales. Pig iron very scarce, with no receipts, and we quete hot blast \$59 00 per ton, with a sale of 100 tons to arrive, and 75 tons ce'd blast at \$75 06; hoop iron, coopers, 7@Sc; sheet iron 74@10%c, hoiler iron 8%@10%c; nail rod 11@13c

castings oc; pulley v 10%c.

MACKEREL-Choice lots have advanced East, and we quote as follows: No. 1. large, in bb/s, \$32; No. 1, medium, in bb/s, \$21; No. 2, large, in bb/s, \$19 50; No. 2, medium, in bb/s, \$18 50; No. 3, large, in bb/s, \$16. Eales of No. 1, in kitts, large, at \$1 25; No. 1, medium, in kitts, at \$3 32; sales of No 2, mediu. n, ia kitts, at \$: 60, and No. 3 large, in kitts, \$2 32@2 42.

LUMBER-No green lumb er affoat. Seasoned in the Fards active as follows: clear boards per M 570, second rate 255 to \$60, third rate 245, common 235. Shinglespine. No. 1, \$8 50@9, No. 2 at \$8., cut poplar \$4 50; LEAD AND SHOT—Light sup ply, and we quote pig lead at 11@12c, and bar lead 13@14c. Shot—Prices are maintained, and we quote shot at \$3 75 to 4 60 per bag, and buck shot at \$4 00 to 4 15.

LE ONS-Sales of Messina at \$10 00 per box. LE UNS Sales of messina at \$19 00 per box.

LEATHER, & c.—We quote leath or quict, as follows: Oak sole, city tan, 45649c; Bemlock sole, 28640c;

Buffalo slaughter, 33641; harness, 33636c; kip skins, city

806681; calf skit is, \$150.

MANUFACTURED TOBACCO—Ample stocks, with sales of Hollar d's Empress Virginia at \$1 25@1 40, sales of bright Virginia pounds at \$1 15@1 25, medium

ing oil 50c@s1 00. Tanners oil \$1.55 per gallon. Caster oil by the bbl \$3 25 per gallon.

PROVISIONS AND LAKD—We notice a dull market for mess pork, which we quote nominal at \$34. Bacon is easier, though active, at a decline, with a sade of 26,000

unds choice clear sides, packed in tierces, at 24/4c. The pounds choice crear sizes, packed in the measure sales of shoulders at 19@20c, and hams at 30c. To-day bacon was dull at a decline, with sales of choice clear sides at 22%c, loose, and sales of 35 tierces at 24%c. Lard is quiet, with very little on hand, and we quote, in tierces, at 29c; in kegs 30c. with retail sales of choice at 32c.

WHISKY—The market is firmer, with sales last even-ing of 230 bbls raw at \$2.28; held to-day at \$2.2802 29 Sales of rectified at \$2.28; new copper at \$2.5302.75, and old Bourbon, as to quality, at \$4 50@6. RAGS.-We quote cotton at 6%@7c; soft woolen 6c

hard do. lc. STRAW-Offered, in store, at \$16 per ton. SALT-We quote sales of Ohio River Company and Kanawha sait at 56c per bushel in lots of 100 barrels or more, and 60c at retail; the supply not equal to the demand. We quote sales of bbls or pags of 7 bushels at \$3 35, or in bbls of 280 lbs at \$3 05 per bbl. A sale of 2500

STARCH-We now quete in lots at 7c, and small lots at WOODEN WARE-Manufacturers have all advance their rates to the following prices, with small sales at the usual advance, subject to changes in market without notice: Buckets or pails, painted, 2 hoops, \$3 40 per doz; tubs No. 1, per dozen, \$15; tubs No. 2, per dozen, \$14; No 3 \$13; washboards \$4 25 per dozen; nest tubs of 3 in nest \$3 75; tubs, 8 in nest, \$5 25.

WOOL-There is rather more demand, with fair sup plies, and sales of unwashed fleece at 35@39c, as to cond tion, &c., and buyers are paying 63@65c for tub washed. Freight Tariff Via Nashville Railroad.

The special joint freight tariff over the Louisvi'le and Nashville, and the connecting railroads, just adopted, is a follows
 1st c'ass.
 2d class.
 3d class.

 **1 50
 \$1 25
 \$1 10

 2 50
 2 05
 1 85

 3 50
 2 95
 2 60

 3 35
 2 80
 2 50

 4 20
 3 55
 3 15

 2 06
 1 67
 1 40

 75
 65
 50

In addition to the above tariff, until further notice, six cents per hundred pounds, or \$10 per car load will be charged for transferring freights at Na-hville. Bulky ar-ticles, dry goods, drugs, etc., are rated as 1st class; cheese, office, hardware, greceries, etc., rank as 2d class; apples bacon packed, bagging and rope, hides, pork, etc., are 3d class, generally taken in car loads. Cotton rates at 1% 1st class. Ale, whisky, etc., per barrel 75 cents to Nashville, by the car load; to Chattanooga, \$3; to Atlanta \$4 50; to Augusta, \$6 25. Flour by car load per barrel to Chattanooga, \$2; to Atlanta, \$2 80; to Augusta, \$3 80; to Montgomery, \$4 35; to Knoxville, \$2 70. Salt per bushel 30 cents to Chattanooga, 45 cents to Atlanta, 60 cents to Au

gusta, and 75 cents to Montgomery. ST. LOUIS MARKET.

ST. LOUIS MARKET.

ST. LOUIS MARKET.

ET. LOUIS, October 27.

HEMP—The market continues steady and firm, with sales to-day of 165 bales dressed, in lots, at \$170,472, 30 bales good undressed, at \$170,472, 30 bales prime do at \$175, 16 bales do do at \$177,50,43 bales choice at \$185, and 50 bales do do at \$190; also 23 and 19 bales backled tow at \$165 per ton.

Bagging and Roye—Market firm with sales of 25 half pieces Kentucky at 30c, and small lots at 30@3ic. Bales of 600 coils rope, in lots, at 14%c, and 150 half coils, at 15 cents. 15 cents.

LkAD—The small receipts have caused the price to be sustained at 10% c for soft Missouri, and at 10% c per pound for Mine La Mette, but the market closes heavy at those questations.

LOUISVILLE TOBACCO MARKET. Saturday.—The market was very much depressed a the close of last week, owing chiefly to a tight mone market, but this week a reaction has taken place, and th decline has been fully recovered. Yesterday and to-day the market was fully sustained for lugs and medium leaf, while the choice grades were both higher and in active request, being very searce. There is a good feeling among buye. s, and we quote the market closing firm, with sales to-day of 91 hhds. The sales of the week amounted to 653 hds. inc uding reviews and 135 rejections, at the following classification: lood igs, light.... mmou leaf, "dium "od "

FAMILY AND RETAIL MARKET.

daily demand, especially of chilco articles, which command high rates. Choice butter is very scarce at 50255c, and we notice the receipt of a lot from Canada which was sold at 50255c. Green applies range from \$5 0525 05 per bbl.; grapes 30@35c. potatoes \$1 per bushel, cabbages 3@6 per head, and other articles in proportion; eggs 30@35 per dozen. Good chickens \$3 to \$6 per dozen. The fol-

Butter, per pound, choice, 55 to 25 per 402cm.

Butter, per pound, choice, 506 75c.

Eggs, per dozen, fresh, 206 75c.

Chickens, dressed, apiace, 5160 75.

Turkies, dressed, apiace, 5160 75.

Ducks, dressed, apiace, 75c.

Geese, 406200. Ducks, dressed, apicce, 75c.
Geese, 40250c.
Beef, fresh choice cuts, per pound, 20c.
Beef, fresh choice cuts, per pound, 40c.
Beef, fresh rough picces; per pound, 40c.
Beef, fresh present per pound, 12½615c.
Pork, fresh, per pound, 1225c.
Mutton, fresh, per pound, 18625c.
Lamb, per pound, 15625c.
Lamb, per pound, 15625c.
Veal, fresh steaks, per pound, 18625c.
Veal, fresh other, per pound, 12½615c.
Lard, per pound, 30632c.
Bacon, country hains, per pound, none.
Bacon, sugar-cured hams, per pound, 20c.
Bacon, sides, per pound, 18625c.
Bacon, sides, per pound, none.
Sausages, per pound, 18625c.

LOUISVILLE CATTLE MARKET. Eubjoined is the weekly report from the Bourbon louse stock yard :

Saturday, October 28, 1865. §
The supply of cattle the present week has been very good, but of inferier quality. Prices on the medium and yood, but of inferior quality. Prices on the medium and common declined ab ut 25 cents per cwt. while good ones are very firm at former prices. Sales ranged at 5% to 5% for the best offer 4, 4% to 5c for medium and fair, and 2% to 3% for common and rough.

Sheep—The market was well supplied and good sheep command very fair prices. We quote at 3% to 4c for fair to good, and 4% to 5c for choice and extra.

Lambs—sell at \$2.75 to 3.75 per head, and according to quality. nality. Hogs—The supply has not been sufficient for the demand, and prices had a downward tendency. All the well-fatand prices had a downward tendency. All the well-fat-ted and smooth hogs have been sold for 10 to 10% for light, and 11 to 11% for choice and extra. RECEIPTS.

The following is the report of the Shelby House stock gard for the week ending Saturday, October 23, 1865:
SHELBY HOUSE, SATURDAY EVENING, October 28. SHELEY HOUSE, SATURDAY EVENING, October 28.

Beef Cattle—The supply of cattle to this yard during
the week has been equa to the demand, and prices are a
shade higher for the best grades. We quote the best
quality of cattle from \$5.75 to 6.25; medium to good \$4.75
to 5.20, and common \$3.25 to \$4.

Sheep—There was a sufficient quantity on the market
for the demand, and they are selling for \$3 to 5.50, as to
omality.

Cattle .. DONALDSON & BROOKING. LATEST DRY GOODS QUOTATIONS. IMPORTANT TO EVERY MERCHANT IN THE UNITED STATES.

[Corrected weekly for the New York Independent.] WEDNESDAY EVENING, Oct. 18.

The following are the wholesale net cash prices of all the leading styles of Domestic Dry Goods sold in the New

York market, specially recor	ted to the New York Inde-	
pendent (and more perfectly	than to any other newsparer	
in the city.)		
PRI	NT3.	
Merrimac W32	Richmond30	
Cocheco L32	American30	
Pacific39	A moskeag27	
Sprague's31	Duchess B251/2	
Dunnell's30	ourning2716.	
Manchester32	Ailen's30	
Lowell25½	Providence	
Arnold's23	James Sanders30	
Hamilton30	Wamsutta24	
GINGHAMS.		
Clinton	Glasgow34	
Lancaster35	Roanoake29	
Caledonia33	Berkshire5	
BROWN SHEETINGS.		
Lawrence 37	Peppe rell, E3816	
Stark 4-1 37	1 P 97	
Medford 4-4 341/6	R37 034	
Golden Ridge4-4 31	Creat Palls 31	
Indian Head 4-4 27		
3-4 31	S	
	Indian Orchard, C36	
" 3-4 27	ii ii N 27	
Naumkeag, A	" N37 BB33	
C 37	" W 31	
Atlantic V 3-4 31	Boat Mills, H 3116	
" K 4-4 -	0	
A	. " S	
" R.f 4-4	Dwight, P30	
H 4-4 37	" Q32	
" M 3-4 2736	Pocasset, H4-4	
Amoskeag 4-4 37		
Ellerton M 271/2	Waterville 4-4 31	
P	Franklin A 4-4 31	
Swift Biver 4-4 31	Bedford 3-4 281/2	
Superior, (XL 4-4 33	to an interest of the state	
BLEACHED GOODS.		
New York Mills 4-4 571/2	Bay Mills4-4 50	
Wamsutta4-4 54	Attawangan X 4-4	
Bates4-4 50	Attawaugan, X4-4 - XX4-4 -	
White Rock 4-4 50	Waltham V	

James Mills. Columbia, A... Naumkeag, O. Newmarket, G. Pearl Liver... Langdon..... Williamsville. Hope Company......4-4 Lonsdale.....4-4 York, 30-inch...... York, 32-inch......... Amoskeag, A. C. A.... Pemberton 572 Ham.
572 Ham.
672 Albany
STRIPED SHIRTINGS.
Whittento 571/2 Hampden, CC., DD. CORSET JEANS Indian Orchard. 37½ Androscos Pepperell. BROWN DRILLS Boot Mills

DELAINES. CANTON FLANELL. DENIMS.

Maymaker.... 37½ Manchester.

STEAM BOATS. FOR CINCINNATI

Regular Mail Line Packets.

NEW ARRANGEMENT.

PEOPLE'S LINE DAILY FOR CINCINNATI.

THE MAGNIFICENT STEAMERS ST. NICHOLAS, - - MARTIN, Master J. G. BLACKFORD, - - WATTS, Master. Will leave as above from the foot of Fourth
street at 12 o'clock M., connecting at Cincinnati with the 5 A. M. trains for all the
horthern and Eastern cities. For freight or
passage apply on board or to
B. J. CAFFREY, Agent,

1865. SPEED, SAFETY AND COMFORT. Louisville, Evansville, Cairo and Memphis Packet Co.

Leaves Every Wednesday and Saturday. THE ELEGANT AND SUMPTUOUS PASSENGER STEAMER THE FLEET AND ELEGANT

250 BAGS RIO COFFEE; In store and for sale by se23-tf 180 Main street, bet. Fifth and Sixth,

BOOK TRADE.

NEW MEDICAL CATALOGUE.

The Prices here given are correct at this date. subject to any changes which may be made by the respective publishers. Altatomical Atlas, by Smith at d Horner, 830.
Anatomical Remembraner, 2300.
Arout's Element's of Physics, 890.
Ashton on the Rectum and Anus, 890.
Ashwell on Diseases of Femsles, 870.
Barclay's Medical Diagnosis 890.
Sardiett on the Fevers of the United States, 890.
Barth and Rogers on Auscultation and Percussion, 1200. Darinfolow of Desquares

12mo.

Barlow's Practice of Mesicine, 2vo.

Barwell on tiscases of the Joints, 8vo.

Bauer's Lectures on Orthopedic Surgery, 8vo.

Bea-eley's Fook of Soof Prescriptions, 8vo.

1 ruggist's Receipt Book, 12mo.

Medical Formiliary, 12mo.

Beck's Elemens of Medical Jurisprudence, 2 vois

8vo. Svo..... Lectures on Materia Medica and Therapeutics

Bell on Regimen and Longevity, 12mo.

Bell on Regimen and Longevity, 12mo.
Belford's Clinical L-ctures on Diseases of Women, 8

Principles and 27ac'of Obsterics, 8vo. Beil on Baths, 1240.
Bennett's Lect res on Clinical Medicines, svo.
Emnett on the Uterus, svo.
Eigelow on Nature in Disease, 1240. d and Urine, Manuals of, By Reese and others

Braithwaite's Epiteme of the Retrospect, 2 vois, svo.
Retrosp et, per No.
Retrosp et, per No.
Branston's Bruggist' Pere Receipt Book 22mo.
Bradie's Mind and Matter, 12mo.
Brodie's Clinical Lectures on Surgery, svo.
Brown on Sursical Diseases of Females, svo.
Brown Sequard Lectures on Networs System, Svo.
Brown Sequard Lectures on Networs System, Svo.
Buckvill and luke's stanual of Psychological Medicine Svo.

Budd on Diseases of the Stomach, svo...
on the Liver, svo...
Bu'l's Hints to Mothers, 12mo
Bumstend on Venereal Diseases, svo...
Burns on Gerboral Circulation, svo...
urn's Principles of Surgery, svo...
urplin on Diebetes, 12mo...
Vrpen er on the Microscope, 8vo...
Principles of Human Physiology, svo...
Elements of Human Physiology, svo...
unx's Hidw fery, 8vo...
unx's Hidw fery, 8vo...
unx's Hidw fery, 8vo...
unx's Hidw fery, 8vo...
unx's and v... nuality.

Hogs.—The supply is equal to the demand. Heavy fat hegs sold from \$12 to 12 50, but this is the outside figure; medium \$11 to 117.5.

BECEIPTS. nave and Schedel on Diseases of Skin, Svo... nbers on Digestion, Svo.... nping's Med application of Electricity, 12mc RECEIPTS.

er's First Lines of Surgery, 2 vols, 8vo.

Dalton's Human Physiology.

Da Cos a's Medical D agnosis, Svo.

De Boismont's Hi-drov of Halfucinations

Do La Beche's Geological Observer, Svo.

Dewees' System of Midwifery, Svo.

on Children Svo.

ns on Circulation of the Blood, 16 ne...... on Nature and Art in the Cure of Diseas

on Bronchitis, 12mo......on Health and Disease, 12mo on Health and Disease, 12mo.

Handy's Text-Bock of Human Anatomy, 8vo...

Hamilton on Fractures, 8vo...

Habersh n on Diseases of the Stomach, 8vo...

Hartscorne on Glycerine and its Use, 15aco...

Hammond's Venereal Diseas s. 8vo...

Hammond's Venereal Diseas s. 8vo...

Hamis' Dental Survery, 8vo...

Hartis' Dental Survery, 8vo...

Hadland on the Action of Medicines, (in press.),

Hill's Pocket Anatomist, 2-mor...

Hope's Pathological Anatomy, 8vo...

Hoblyn's Medical Notes and Reflections, 8vo...

Hoblyn's Medical Dictionary, 12mc...

Hodge's System of Obstetrics, 4to...

Diseases of Women, 8vo...

Lyons on Fever, 12mo.

Hand book of Hosoital P actice, 12mo.

Lauri's Elements of Homocopathic Practice and Physic, 8vo.

Marcy & Hunt's Homocopathic Theory and Practice of Medicine, 2 vols., 8vo.

Machine a Surgical Anatomy, 4to, col'd plates.

Michelia on Ginschot Wounds, and other insuries of the Nerves, 12mo.

Machod's Surgery of the Crimean W-r, 12mo.

Maxon's New Text-book of the Practice of Medicine, 8vo.

Malgaigne on Fractures, 8vo.......

Operative Surgery, 8vo......

Meig's System of Obstetrics, 8vo.... Meig's System of Obstetrees, 8vo.

On females, 8vo.

On Dis asses of the Userus, 8vr.

On Dis asses of the Userus, 8vr.

On Purrperal Fevers, 8vo.

Mendenhali Student's Va.c. Meerus, 1mc.

Miller's Tritisples of Burgery, 8vo.

Mendenhali Student's Va.c. Meerus, 1mc.

Miller's Tritisples of Burgery, 8vo.

Principles and Practice of Obstetrica.

Merclan 's Practical Treatise on the Urinary Organism of Company of Pregnancy, 8vo.

Morton's Hustrated Human Anatomy, 8vo.

Morton's Plays cs and Me corology, 8vo.

Muller's Plays cs and Me corology, 8vo.

Murphy's Lecture's on Parturition, 8vo.

Neil and Smith's Compondum on Medical Science, 12mo.

Nelligan on the Skin, 12mo.

Neill and Smith's Compondium on Medical Science

12mo
Meligan on the Skin, 12mo
Meligan on the Skeleton and Teeth, 12mo
Meligan on Treatment of Syphilis, 8vo
Meligan on Meligan on Treatment of Syphilis, 8vo
Meligan on Meligan on Treatment of Meligan on Mel

Liggy a Constitutional Treatment of remain 12mo.

Robertson's Manuai on Extracting reach, 12mo.
Robertson's Manuai on Extracting reach, 12mo.
Roketansky a Pathological Austonia, 2 vols, 8vo.
Royle's Materia Medica and Therapeutics, 8vo.
Runsh on the Volce, 8vo.
Ryan's Philosophy of Harringe, 12mo.
Ryan's Philosophy of Harringe, 12mo.
Ryan's Philosophy of Harringe, 12mo.
Saptington on Fevers, 18mo.
Saptington on Fevers, 18mo.
Saptington on Fivers, 18mo.

ory and Practice of the Mov Tamo.

Tamo.

Tamo.

Tamo.

Tamor's Medical Jurisprudence, svo.

Thomas' Fronounci g Med Dictionary, svo.

Thompson & Twining on Liver and Spleen, svo.

Todd on Uricar, Diseas s, svo.

Cli ical Lectures or. Acute Diseases, svo.

Bownson a Physiological Anatomy, svo.

Tomes's Dawn.

Svo. Wood & "ache's Di-pensatory of the United States Svo. New Edition..... Mailed to any address on reclipt of price, and furnished students and dealers at a liberal discount.

CIVILL & CALVERT. sep4-tf Main Street, bet. Fourth and Fifth

PETROLEUM.

GLASGOW

Incorporated by an act of the Legislature, March, 1865.

OFFICERS: GEN. J. T. BOYLE, President. W. A. KLIESSENDORFF, Secretary. H. W. WILKES, Treasurer.

CAPITAL STOCK, \$400,000! Divided into 40,000 Shares of \$10 Each!

THE PROPERTY OF THIS COMPANY CONSISTS of Nilecteen Tracts, comprising eighteen hundred and nineteen acr s, situated on Bord's creek, Skegg's creek and Peters'creek, and in the immediate vicinity of our yi-iding wells of very superior oil, and the common well: that have just commoned operations.

There are first tracts, embracing s wen hundred and six acres, situated in Metcalfe county, on Dry Fork of South Fork of Little Barren iver, in the vicinity of a well new undergoing the process of bording.

Fork of Little Barren iver, in the vicinity of a well new andergoing the process of boring.
This is considered as No. 1 territory.
The well of the company is located on Boyd's creek, a short d'stance above those yielding wells. They are new boring, and have already gone a considerable depth, and new me with very it.t.ering indications for a good well of oil.
Judge Sister and Mr. J. E. Redding, of Glassow, both irrectors, will give the operations of the company their constant attention. not hable to surther assessment.

25 Fartes desiring to purchase can do so upon application to the "scretary, at the office of J. T. Boyle, No. 7, transition Fullding, where maps of the territory of this Company can be seen, and any further information regarding the adairs of the company even... "30-south

RAILROAD.

Louisville & Nashville Railroad CHANGE OF TIME.

ON AND AFTER SUNDAY, JUNE 4, TRAINS WILL Urun as follows:

5:00 A. M. Thr ugh Freight for Nashville and all way Stations daily (except Sunday.)

6:30 A. M. Fassenser Train for Lebanon, Perryville, Danville, harredsbung, Campbelisville and Colum.in daily (except Sunday.)

7:00 A. M. Flash and Passenger Train for Nashville, Bowledge A. M. Frand Charlesville daily.

7:15 A. M. Frand Charlesville daily.

7:15 A. M. Frand Charlesville daily.

7:20 P. Int. Accommodation Train for Bardstown daily (except Sunday.) copt Sunday.)

6:00 P. M., reight for Nashville, Bowling Green and Memphis Branch daily (except Sunday.)

6:00 F. M. Express Inssenger Train for Nashville daily, 1974-4f

18 M. Ale-SHin L., Sund. Transportation.

BALTIMORE AND OHIO

THIS GREAT NATIONAL THOROUGHFARE IS FREIGHTS AND TRAVEL. The cars and machinery destroyed are being replaced by new running stock, with all recent improvements; and as the brides and track are again in substantial condi-ion, the well-earned reputation of this road for Speed, Security and Comfort

REOPENED.

Will be more than sustained under the reorganization of its business.

In addition to the unequalled attractions of natural scenery heretoiere concoded to this route, the recent troubles upon the border have associated numerous points on the road, between the Chioriver and Harper's Ferry with painful but instructive interest. CONNECTIONS

At the Ohio river, with Cleveland and Pittsburg, Central Ohio, and Mareitta and Cincinnad railroads, and, through them with the whole railway system of the north-rest, central west and southwest; at Harper's ferry with the Winchester road. At Washington 'fly and the lower Washington Branch for Washington 'fly and the lower Potennae. At Baltimore with seven daily trains for Philadelphia and New York.

1 WO LOLLARS additional on Through Tickets from Baltimore or the Northern cities, give the privilege of visiting WASHINGTON CITY on route-being 33 lower than the cost by any other line, as recently charged.

This is the only route by which passengers can prounce through Schools and through checks from Washington City.

W. F. Shi'lli Master of Frans, Baltimore.

M. R. Corr Gen. Ticket agent, Baltimore.

LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY & CHICAGO RAILROAD. TWO DAILY TRAINS LEAVE NEW ALBANY, OP-

1 posite Louisville:

9:30 A. M. Chicago Express daily, (Sundays excepted), making direct connection at Sitchell for St. Louis, Cairo, Evansville, St. Joseph, Leavenworth, Kancas: ity, and all points West; also at Green Castle and Lafayette for Terre Hante, Mattoon, Alton, Decatur, Springfield, Jacksonville, Quincy, and all points in Central Illinois, and at Michigan City for Detrot, Chicago, and all points Northwest. troit, Chicago, and all points Northwest.

9:20 P. M. St. Lois and Cairo Night Express, daily, making direct connections or all points West and Northwest, and for Cincinnat or all points West and Northwest, and for Cincinnat and all Eastern cities.

Only one change of cars to St. Louis, Chicago and Cincinnati. Baggage checked through from the Stotels. For further information and through tickets apply to the office of the Company, southwest corner Main and Third streets, Louisville, Ey. Office open Sundays from 5 to 7 o'clock P. M.

S. S. FARKER, 3gent.

B. B. MASTEN, Sup t. mari4

G. BAURMANN MITCHTER AND ARLES EN forign & donestic hardware

GUNS AND PISTOLS. io. 633 Rigin Street between Sixth and Sevent LOUISVILLE, KV.

CUTLERY AND GERMAN GOODS,

ATSO

PAPER WAREHOUSE. A. V. Dupont & Co.,

Manufacturers and wholesale dealers in 图 图 图 图 Highest market price paid for rags

10,000 Peams assorted Wrapping Paper; 500 Reams Straw Boards; 550 gross Bonnet Boards; 100 cases assorted Letter Paper; 1,000 reams Manilla Paper; 2,000,000 Envelopes-assorted;

FOR SALE BY A. V. DuPONT & CO.,

mais-tf 409 MAIN STREET. WRITING PAPER. 500 BRAMS BULED AND PLAIN FOOLSCAP
Paper;
100 reams ruled and plain Letter Paper;
100 do Note do
In store and for sale low by
100 WILLIAM CROMYE.

ange was their Merry Ip tweet Record and Thirds